oc. No. ADT-C1-01-E201906(T)

# iMaster-C1 INSTRUCTION MANUAL

# Precautions

Keep this manual close to the handler responsible for the operation and maintenance inspection. Be sure to familiarize yourself with the handling manual before performing an inspection, and use it correctly according to the instructions of the instrument's knowledge, safety information, precautions, operation, and handling methods.

Always observe the various specifications in the handbook.

Also, perform the correct inspection and repair to prevent the failure.

# Warranty for the unit

The warranty period for the delivery product is one year after delivery to the designated place of the order.

In the event of a failure under normal use within the product specifications in accordance with this manual, the defect shall be replaced or repaired free of charge.

However, the warranty will be void if the fault is due to;

- (1) In case of unfair treatment and use by the consumer;
- (2) If the cause of failure is due to a reason other than the product supplied,
- (3) In case of modifications or repairs other than suppliers;
- (4) In case the supplier is not responsible for other natural disasters or disasters;

In addition, the warranty is for the inverter only, any damage caused to other equipment by malfunction of the inverter is not covered by the warranty.

# Repair cost

Any repairs after the warranty period (1 year) will be paid. In addition, even during the warranty period, repairs for reasons other than the above warranty coverage and investigation into the cause of failure will be treated as a charge.

Please contact your place of purchase or service center - please refer to the list of back cover.

# Questions on Unit

If you have any questions regarding damage to the unit, unknown parts or for general inquiries, please contact service center with the following information.

- (1) Date of purchase
- (2) Company name of purchase
- (3) Manufacturing number (MFG. No.)
- (4) Failure details (as detailed as possible)

# SAFETY

FOR THE SAFE OPERATION OF THE IMASTER-C1 SERIES VFD, READ THIS MANUAL AND ALL
OF THE WARNING SIGNS ATTACHED TO THE INVERTER CAREFULLY BEFORE INSTALLING
AND OPERATING IT, AND FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTION EXACTLY. KEEP THIS MANUAL HANDY
FOR YOUR QUICK REFERENCE.

# SYMBOLS AND DEFINITION

- A SAFETY INSTRUCTION (MESSAGE) IS GIVEN WITH A HAZARD ALERT SYMBOL AND/OR A WARNING or CAUTION.
- EACH SIGNAL HAS THE FOLLOWING MEANING THROUGHOUT THIS MANUAL



## HAZARDOUS HIGH VOLTAGE.

IT USED TO CALL YOUR ATTENTION TO ITEMS OR OPERATIONS THAT COULD BE DANGEROUS TO YOU OR OTHER PERSONS OPERATING THIS EQUIPMENT.

READ THESE MESSAGES AND FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.



# SAFETY ALERT SYMBOL

THIS SYMBOL IS USED TO CALL YOUR ATTENTION TO ITEMS OR OPERATIONS THAT COULD BE DANGEROUS TO YOU OR OTHER PERSONS OPERATING THIS EQUIPMENT.

READ THESE MESSAGES AND FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.



# WARNING

INDICATES A POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS SITUATION WHICH, IF NOT AVOIDED. CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.



# CAUTION

INDICATES A POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS SITUATION WHICH,
IF NOT AVOIDED, CAN RESULT IN MINOR TO MODERATE INJURY, OR

SERIOUS DAMAGE OF PRODUCT.

THE MATTERS DESCRIBED UNDER CAUTION MAY, IF NOT AVOIDED, LEAD TO SERIOUS RESULTS DEPENDING ON THE SITUATION. IMPORTANT MATTERS ARE DESCRIBED IN CAUTION (AS WELL AS WARNING), SO BE SURE TO OBSERVE THEM.

NOTE

INDICATES AN AREA OR SUBJECT OF SPECIAL MERIT.

EMPHASIZING EITHER THE PRODUCT'S CAPABILITIES OR COMMON

ERRORS IN OPERATION OR MAINTENANCE.



## HAZARDOUS HIGH VOLTAGE

- MOTOR CONTROL EQUIPMENT AND ELECTRONIC CONTROLLERS ARE CONNECTED TO THE HAZARDOUS LINE VOLTAGE.
- WHEN SERVICING VFD AND ELECTRONIC CONTROLLERS, THERE MIGHT BE EXPOSED COMPONENTS OR ABOVE LINE POTENTIAL.
- EXTREME CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO PRODUCT AGAINST SHOCK. STAND ON AN INSULATING PAD AND MAKE IT A HABIT TO USE ONLY ONE HAND WHEN CHECKING COMPONENTS.
- ALWAYS WORK WITH ANOTHER PERSON IN CASE AN EMERGENCY OCCURS.
- DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE CHECKING CONTROLLER OR PERFORMING MAINTENANCE.
- BE SURE EQUIPMENT IS PROPERLY GROUNDED. WEAR SAFETY GLASSES WHENEVER WORKING ON AN ELECTRIC CONTROLLER OR ROTATING ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT.

# PRECAUTION

 A SAFETY INSTRUCTION (MESSAGE) IS GIVEN WITH A HAZARD ALERT SYMBOL AND A WARNING or CAUTION.



WARNING THIS IS EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE INSTALLED. ADJUSTED AND SERVICED BY QUALIFIED ELECTRICAL MAINTENANCE PERSONAL FAMILIAR WITH THE CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION OF THE EQUIPMENT AND THE HAZARDS INVOLVED, FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS PRECAUTION COULD RESULTS IN BODILY INJURY.



WARNING THE USER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ENSURING THAT ALL DRIVEN MACHINERY, DRIVE TRAIN MECHANISM NOT SUPPLIED BY HYUNDAI AND PROCESS LINE MATERIAL ARE CAPABLE OF SAFE OPERATION AT AN APPLIED FREQUENCY OF 150% OF THE MAXIMUM SELECTED FREQUENCY RANGE TO THE AC MOTOR, FAILURE TO DO SO CAN RESULT IN DESTRUCTION OF EQUIPMENT AND INJURY TO PERSONNEL SHOULD A SINGLE POINT FAILURE OCCUR



WARNING FOR PROTECTION, INSTALL AN EARTH LEAKAGE BREAKER WITH A HIGH FREQUENCY CIRCUIT CAPABLE OF LARGE CURRENTS TO AVOID AN UNNECESSARY OPERATION.

> THE GROUND FAULT PROTECTION CIRCUIT IS NOT DESIGNED TO PROTECT PERSONAL INJURY.



## CAUTION

HEAVY OBJECT, TO AVOID MUSCLE STRAIN OR BACK INJURY. USE LIFTING AIDS AND PROPER LIFTING TECHNIQUES WHEN REMOVING OR REPLACING.



# CAUTION

THESE INSTRUCTIONS SHOULD BE READ AND CLEARLY UNDERSTOOD BEFORE WORKING ON IMASTER-C1 SERIES EQUIPMENT.



# CAUTION

PROPER GROUNDS, DISCONNECTING DEVICES AND OTHER SAFETY DEVICES AND THEIR LOCATION ARE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER AND ARE NOT PROVIDED BY HYUNDAI.



# CAUTION

BE SURE TO CONNECT A MOTOR THERMAL SWITCH OR OVERLOAD DEVICES. TO THE IMASTER-C1 SERIES VED TO ASSURE THAT INVERTER WILL SHUT DOWN IN THE EVENT OF AN OVERLOAD OR AN OVERHEATED MOTOR



# CAUTION

ROTATING SHAFTS AND ABOVE GROUND ELECTRICAL POTENTIALS CAN BE HAZARDOUS. THEREFORE, IT IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED THAT ALL ELECTRICAL WORK CONFORM TO THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODES AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.

ONLY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL SHOULD PERFORM INSTALLATION, ALIGNMENT AND MAINTENANCE, FACTORY RECOMMENDED TEST PROCEDURES. INCLUDED IN THE INSTRUCTION MANUAL, SHOULD BE FOLLOWED.

# **NOTE: POLLUTION DEGREE 2**

- THE VFD MUST BE USED IN THE ENVIRONMENT OF THE POLLUTION DEGREE 2.
- TYPICAL CONSTRUCTIONS THAT REDUCE THE POSSIBILITY OF CONDUCTIVE POLLUTION ARE.
  - 1) THE USE OF AN UNVENTILATED ENCLOSURE.
  - 2) THE USE OF A FILTERED VENTILATED ENCLOSURE WHEN THE VENTILATION IS FAN FORCED THAT IS, VENTILATION IS ACCOMPLISHED BY ONE OR MORE BLOWERS WITHIN THE ENCLOSURE THAT PROVIDE A POSITIVE INTAKE AND EXHAUST.

# **CONFORMITY TO THE UNDERVOLTAGE DIRECTIVE (UVD)**

THE PROTECTIVE ENCLOSURE MUST CONFORM TO THE UNDERVOLTAGE DIRECTIVE. THE VFD CAN CONFORM TO THE UVD BY MOUNTING INTO A CABINET OR BY ADDING COVERS AS FOLLOWS.

# **CABINET AND COVER**

THE VFD MUST BE INSTALLED INTO A CABINET WHICH HAS THE PROTECTION DEGREE OF TYPE IP2X.

IN ADDITION THE TOP SURFACES OF CABINET ARE EASILY ACCESSIBLE SHALL MEET AT LEAST THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE PROTECTIVE TYPE IP4X, OR WHICH IS CONSTRUCTED TO PREVENT SMALL OBJECTS FROM ENTERING INVERTER.

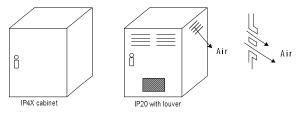


Fig 1. INVERTER CABINET

A SAFETY INSTRUCTION (MESSAGE) INCLUDES A HAZARD ALERT SYMBOL AND A SIGNAL WORD, DANGER OR CAUTION. EACH SIGNAL WORD HAS THE FOLLOWING MEANING: THIS SYMBOL IS THE "SAFETY ALERT SYMBOL." IT OCCURS WITH EITHER OF TWO SIGNAL WORDS: DANGER OR CAUTION, AS DESCRIBED BELOW.



: INDICATES A POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS SITUATION WHICH, IF NOT AVOIDED, CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.



: INDICATES A POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS SITUATION WHICH, IF NOT AVOIDED, CAN RESULT IN MINOR TO MODERATE INJURY, OR SERIOUS DAMAGE TO THE PRODUCT.

THE SITUATION DESCRIBED IN THE CAUTION MAY, IF NOT AVOIDED, LEAD TO SERIOUS RESULTS. IMPORTANT SAFETY MEASURES ARE DESCRIBED IN CAUTION (AS WELL AS DANGER), SO BE SURE TO OBSERVE THEM.

# 

- All illustrations in this handbook may be depicted with the cover or blockage removed to explain the details.
  - When operating the machine, operate the machine in accordance with the handling manual, with the specified covers.
- No notification is given if the contents change due to product improvement or manual re-organization. The changes are indicated by the number in the revised manual.
- If you have lost or damaged the manual, please contact your dealer or your nearest dealer.
- Product damage caused by user arbitrary operation is not within the scope of maintenance and is not liable for it.

# 1. Installation

# **⚠** CAUTION

- · Be sure to install the unit on flame resistant material such as metal.
- · Be sure not to place anything highly flammable in the vicinity.
- Do not carry unit by top cover, always carry by supporting base of unit.
- Be sure not to let foreign matter enter VFD such as cut wire refuse, spatter from welding, iron refuse, wire, dust, etc.
- Be sure to install inverter in a place which can support the weight according to the specifications in the text. (Chapter 2. Installation)
- · Be sure to install the unit on a perpendicular wall which is not subject to vibration
- · Be sure not to install and operate a VFD which is damaged or has parts which are missing.
- Be sure to install the inverter in an area which is not exposed to direct sunlight and is well ventilated. Avoid environments which tend to be high in temperature, high in humidity or to have condensation, as well as places with dust, corrosive gas, explosive gas, highly flammable gas, grinding-fluid mist, salt damage, etc.

# 2. Wiring

# 

· Be sure to ground the unit.

Electrical wiring work should be carried out by qualified electricians.

· Do the wiring work by an electrician.

There is a possibility of electric shock and fire.

· Check the input power OFF before wiring.

There is a possibility of electric shock and fire.

Be sure to attach the main body and wire it.

There are concerns of electric shock and injury.

# ♠ CAUTION

· Make sure that the rated voltage and AC power voltage of the product match.

There are concerns about accidents and fires.

· Do not use single phase input.

There is a fire hazard.

Do not connect AC power to the output terminals (U,V,W).

Risk of injury and fire.

· Tighten to the specified torque of the screw. Check that the screws are not loose.

There is a fire hazard.

· Install a short circuit breaker on the input side.

There is a fire hazard.

· Install the fuse in the operating circuit (same as main power).

There is a fire hazard.

 Use power lines, short-circuit breakers and electronic contactors at the specified capacity (qualification).

There is a fire hazard.

# 3. Control and Operation

# ♠ CAUTION

Be sure to put the input power after you remove the front cover.

Do not open the cover while it is energized.

There is a possibility of electric shock.

· Do not operate the switch with wet hands.

There is a possibility of electric shock.

· Do not contact the inverter terminals during powering or shutdown of the inverter.

There is a possibility of electric shock.

• If retriever mode is selected, a sudden restart will occur even the inverter stopped by trip.

(Please designed a machine can protect with retriever mode.)

Please keep away from the machine. There are concerns of an accident.

- If a short power outage occurs, the driver's command can be entered to re-run after the power outage. If there is a possibility of danger to a person, use the circuit that is not re-driving after power-up. There are concerns of an accident.
- . STOP kevs are valid only when the function is set.

Prepare the emergency stop switch separately. There are concerns of an accident.

• Do not set the alarm reset with the operation command together, it will re-start without caution.

Make sure operation command is off and set the alarm rest.

There are concerns of an accident.

. Do not put any contacts or sticks inside the inverter while it is on.

There is a possibility of electric shock and fire.

# **↑** CAUTION

- $\bullet$  The heat sink fins will have a high temperature. Be sure not to touch them..
  - There is a risk of burns.
- Low to high speed operation of the inverter can be easily set. Be sure to operate it after checking the tolerance of the motor and machine.

There are concerns of an accident.

· Install an external braking system if needed.

There are concerns of an accident.

 If the motor needs to operate at a frequency higher than standard Max Frequency setting (50Hz/60Hz), be sure to check with the manufacturers of both the motor and the machine for their approval.

There is a concern of machine failure.

· Check the following before and during the test run.

Was the direction of the motor correct?

Were the RPM and frequency motor correct?

Were there any abnormal motor vibrations or noises?

- The AC reactor must be installed when the power is not stable in order to avoid damage to the VFD.
- · Do not switch drive inputs when starting or stopping the motor.

Turning the drive on and off often shortens the life of the drive.

Damage to the DC bus charging circuit and the DC bus capacitor may result in premature drive failure.

For maximum performance, the maximum number of charging cycles (i.e. power-up by power supply) of the DC capacitor is:

Less than five times in ten minutes.

# 4. Maintenance, Inspection and Part Replacement

# ♠ CAUTION

 After turning off the input power supply, do not perform the maintenance and inspection for at least 10 minutes.

There is a possibility of electric shock.

 Make sure that only qualified persons will perform maintenance, inspection and/or part replacement. (Before starting the work, remove metallic objects (wristwatch, bracelet, etc.)
 (Be sure to use insulated tools.)

# 5. Others

# **↑** CAUTION

· Never modify the unit.

There is a possibility of electric shock and accident.

# **CONTENTS**

1.	Gl	ENER	AL INFORMATION	1-1
	1.1	Insp	ection on purchase	1-1
	1.2	1.1.1 1.1.2 Inqu	Product inspection Instruction manual iry and warranty	1-2
	1.3	1.2.1 1.2.2 Panel	Inquiry	1-2
2	IN	1.2.3 1.2.4 1.2.5 <b>STAI</b>	IMASTER-C1-055LF/075LFP ~ 075LF/110LFP, 055HF/075HFP ~ 075HF/110HFP   IMASTER-C1-110LF/150LFP, 110HF/150HFP ~ 150HF/185HFP   IMASTER-C1-150LF/185LFP, 185HF/220HFP ~ 220HF/300HFP	1-4 1-5
۳.				
	2.1		allation	
	2.2	2.1.1 Wirir	Precautiong	
		2.2.1 2.2.2 2.2.3 2.2.4 2.2.5 2.2.6 2.2.7	Terminal connection diagram and description  Main circuit terminal description	2-6 2-7 2-9 2-11 2-15
3.	SF	PECIF	FICATION	3-1
	3.1	Spec	cification	3-1
	3.2	3.1.1 3.1.2 3.1.3 3.1.4 Dime	200V Class specification	3-1 3-2 3-4
4	0	3.2.1 3.2.2 3.2.3	IMASTER-C1-055LF/075LFP~075LF/110LFP, 055HF/075HFP~075HF/110 IMASTER-C1-110LF/150LFP, 110HF/150HFP~150HF/185HFPIMASTER-C1-150LF/185LFP, 185HF/220HFP~220HF/300HFP	3-6 3-7
4.			TION	
	4.1		oad overview	
		4.1.1 4.1.2 4.1.3	Keypad description	4-3

	4.2	Freq	uency and run sources	4-8
	4.3	4.2.1 4.2.2 4.2.3 4.2.4 Test	Control terminal operation  Digital keypad operation  Combination control terminal and digital keypad.  Communication (RS-485) operation.  run	4-8 4-8 4-8
		4.3.1 4.3.2	To input the operation setting and the frequency setting from the terminal  Operation setting and the frequency setting from the digital operator	4-11
5.	PA	ARAM	ETERS	5-1
	5.1	Moni	itoring (d group)	5-1
	5.2	Trip	monitor (d group)	5-1
	5.3	Basi	c function (F group)	5-2
	5.4	Exte	nded function A mode (A group)	5-3
	5.5	Exte	nded function b mode (b group)	5-9
	5.6	Exte	nded function C mode (C group)	5-15
	5.7	Moto	or (H group)	5-19
6.	C	JMMC	JNICATION	6-1
7.	PF	ROTE	CTIVE FUNCTION	7-1
8.	TF	ROUB	LESHOOTING TIPS	8-1
9.	M	AINTE	ENANCE AND INSPECTION	9-1
	9.1	Gene	eral precautions and notes	9-1
	9.2	Insp	ection items	9-1
	9.2	Inver	rter electrical measurements	9-3

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

# 1.1 Inspection on purchase

# 1.1.1 Product inspection

Please inspect following before installation.

- (1) No damage made to the unit during transportation?
- (2) One Instruction manual is enclosed?
- (3) Check the label specification if the correct product is delivered per your order.

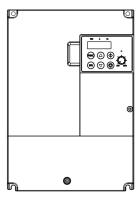


Figure 1-1 Outlook of iMaster C1

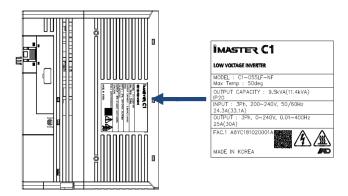


Figure 1-2 iMaster C1 Specification on label

# 1.1.2 Instruction manual

This instruction manual is for the iMaster C1 series.

Carefully read the manual before operating the inverter and please read this manual and keep it as a reference.

In addition, this manual is intended to be delivered to the final user.

# 1.2 Inquiry and warranty

# 1.2.1 Inquiry

- If you have any questions about damage to the inverter, unknown parts, or other information, please contact the place of purchase with the following information.
  - (1) Product model name
  - (2) Manufacturing number (MFG. No.)
  - (3) Date of purchase
  - (4) Failure details (as detailed as possible) Damaged parts, condition, etc. Unknown parts, condition, etc.

# 1.2.2 Warranty of unit

- The warranty period for the delivery product is one year after delivery.
  - However, the warranty will be void if the fault is due to;
  - (1) In case of unfair treatment and use by the consumer
  - (2) If the cause of failure is due to a reason other than the product supplied
  - (3) When using a product that is out of specification
  - (4) In case the supplier is not responsible for other natural disasters (earthquake, lightning)
- Since the warranty mentioned here means the inverter itself, the damage caused by the inverter failure shall not be liable.
- · After warranty period, the entire test or repair will be charged.

Any failure caused by above mentioned items within the warranty period will be claimed.

Please contact your place of purchase for any problems that have occurred within the warranty period

# iMaster-C1 MANUAL

# 1.3 Panel view

# 1.2.3 IMASTER-C1-055LF/075LFP ~ 075LF/110LFP, 055HF/075HFP ~ 075HF/110HFP

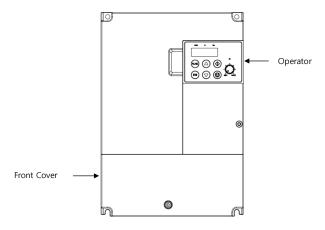


Figure 1-3 Front view with front cover

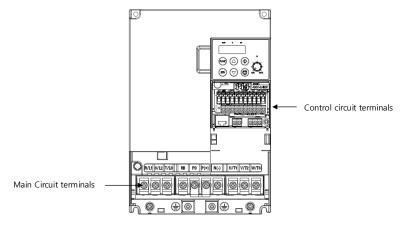


Figure 1-4 Front view without front cover

# 1.2.4 IMASTER-C1-110LF/150LFP, 110HF/150HFP ~ 150HF/185HFP

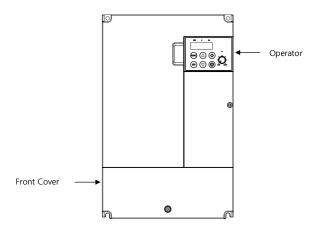


Figure 1-5 Front view with front cover

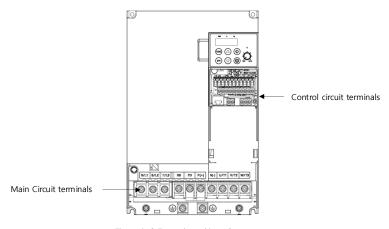


Figure 1-6 Front view without front cover

# 1.2.5 IMASTER-C1-150LF/185LFP, 185HF/220HFP ~ 220HF/300HFP

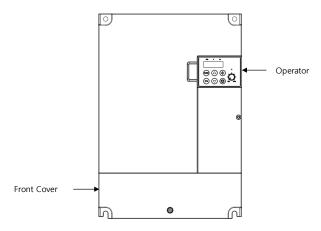


Figure 1-7 Front view with front cover

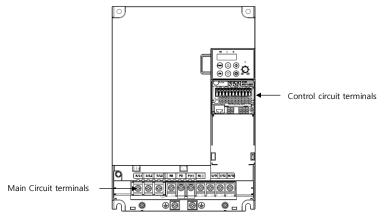


Figure 1-8 Front view without front cover

# 2. INSTALLATION AND WIRE

# 2.1 Installation

# ♠ CAUTION

- Be sure to install the unit on flame resistant material such as metal.
- There is a fire hazard.
- Be sure not to place anything flammable such as corrosive gas, explosive gas, inflammable gas, grinding fluid mist, salt in the vicinity.
- Do not carry the unit by the top cover, but always by supporting the base of the unit There is a possibility of an accident by falling down.
- Be sure not to let foreign matter enter such as cut wire refuse, spatter from welding, iron refuse, wire, dust, etc.
- Be sure to install the VFD in a place which can support the weight according to the specification in the manual.
- · Do not install or run the damaged inverter.
- There are concerns of an accident.
- Avoid high temperature, humidity, condensation dust corrosive gas, explosive gas, combustible gas and install the inverter with good ventilation without direct sunlight.
   There is a fire hazard.
- To prevent injury, make sure to wear electric working gloves before working.

# 2.1.1 Precaution

- (1) Caution in transport
  - The inverter uses plastic parts. Care must be taken to avoid damage.
     In particular, fasten it with designated parts to ensure that it is firmly secured to the wall or panel.
     Also, do not operate the inverter with damage and loss of parts.
- (2) Install it on the non-flammable (metal, etc.) surface
  - · Inverter heat shield temperatures can be very high.

As there is a risk of fire, place it on a non-flammable vertical wall (metal, etc.).

Attention should also be made to the air gap surrounding the inverter.

Especially, when there is a heat source such as a breaking resistor or reactor.

Keep sufficient space to prevent clogging of cooling ventilation by the up/down wiring.

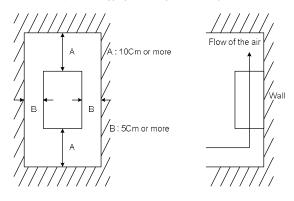


Figure 2-1 Air gap (Installation)

# (3) Ambient temperature

 The ambient temperature surrounding the inverter should not exceed the allowable temperature range (HD: -10 to 50°C/ND: -10 to 40°C). Measure the ambient temperature about 5cm from the bottom center of the inverter body and make sure that it is within the allowable temperature range. If the temperature exceeds the allowable temperature, component life will become shortened especially in the case of the bus capacitors.

# (4) Humidity

• The humidity surrounding the inverter should be within the limit of the allowable percentage range (20% to 90% / RH).

Under no circumstances should the inverter be in an environment where there is the possibility of moisture entering the inverter.

Also avoid having the inverter mounted in a place that is exposed to the direct sunlight.

# (5) Caution in the installation

· Please be install the inverter avoid dust, corrosive gases, explosive gases, combustible gases.

# iMaster-C1 MANUAL

- (6) Installation of inverter
  - Mount the inverter in a vertical position using screws or bolts. The mounting surface should also be

free from vibration and can easily hold the weight of the inverter.

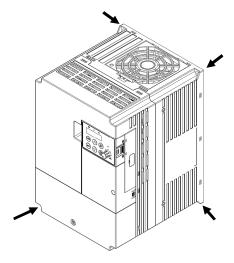


Figure 2-2 Mounting Position

- (7) Ventilation in panel
  - Install a ventilation fan when installing the inverter inside the panel. The position of the inverter
    cooling fan and air inlet is critical. If the position is incorrect, the air flow around the inverter will
    decrease and the temperature around the inverter will increase. Make sure that the ambient
    temperature is within the allowable range.

# 2.2 Wiring

DANGER

· Be sure to around the unit.

There is a possibility of electric shock and fire.

· Wiring work should be carried out by qualified electricians

There is a possibility of electric shock and fire.

· Implement wiring after checking that the power supply is off.

There is a possibility of electric shock.

· After mounting the VFD, carry out wiring.

There is a possibility of electric shock.

# $\Lambda$

CAUTION

· Make sure that the rated voltage and AC power voltage are same.

There are concerns of an accident and fire

 $\bullet$  Be sure not to connect AC power supply to the output terminals (U, V, W).

There are concerns of an accident and fire

· Install the short circuit breaker on the input side.

There is a fire hazard.

• Use rated power lines, short circuit breakers and electronic contactors.

There is a fire hazard.

 Do not use the electromagnetic contactors on the primary side of the inverter as means of start/stop control.

# 2.2.1 Terminal connection diagram and description

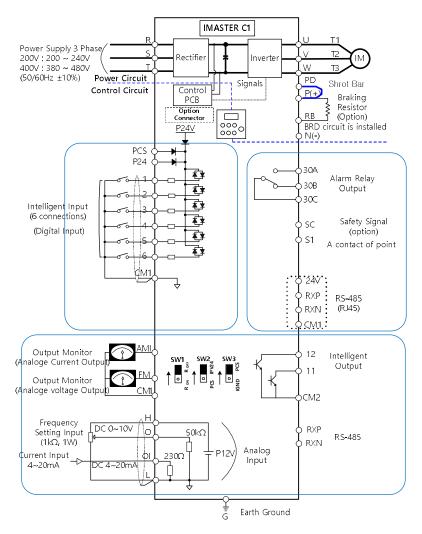


Figure 2-3 Terminal connection diagram (Sink type)

## 2.2.2 Main circuit terminal description

Table 2-1 Main circuit terminal description

Table 2 T Main Circuit terminal description								
Terminal	Terminal Name	Function						
R,S,T (L1,L2,L3)	Main power input	AC input power supply						
U,V,W (T1,T2,T3)	Inverter output	PWM output power for motor						
PD,P (+1,+)	DC Reactor Connection	Remove the shorting bar between PD and P for connection to DC Reactor.						
P, RB (+,-)	External Braking Resistance Connection	Optional External Braking Resistor Connector.						
P, N	External Braking Unit Connection	Optional External Braking Unit Connector.						
G	Inverter ground	Ground Terminal						

Table 2-2 Main circuit terminals view

Table 2-2 Main Circuit terminals view									
Main circuit terminals	Corresponding type	Screw size	width (mm)						
	055LF/075LFP 075LF/110LFP 055HF/075HFP 075HF/110HFP	M4	10.3						
R/L1 S/L2 T/L3 RB PD P(+) N(-) U/T1 V/T2 W/T3	110LF/150LFP 110HF/150HFP 150HF/185HFP	M5	13						
G	150LF/185LFP 185HF/220HFP 220HF/300HFP	M5	13						

Step1) Connecting 3-phase power to the input end of the inverter.

However, remove the shorting bar when connecting the DC reactor.

Do not connect AC power to the output terminals (U,V,W). There is a fire hazard.

Connect 3-phase power to the inverter power input terminal R(L1), S(L2), T(L3) as table 2-2.

Step2) Connect the inverter to the three-phase motor.

Connect the inverter output stage U(T1), V(T2), W(T3) to the three-phase motor as table 2-2

Step3) The optional direct current reactors are hardwired to the P and PD terminals as shown.

# 2.2.3 Main circuit terminal wiring

# (1) Warning on wiring

When carrying out work on the inverter wiring make sure to wait for at least ten minutes before you remove the cover. Be sure to verify that the charge lamp is not illuminated.

A final check should always be made with a voltage meter.

After removing the power supply, there is a time delay before the capacitors will dissipate their charge.

# 1) Main power terminals: R(L1), S(L2), T(L3)

- Connect the main power terminals (R(L1), S(L2) and T(L3)) to the power supply through an
  electromagnetic contactor or an earth-leakage breaker. Use a high harmonic sensitivity current
  value as the short circuit breaker may malfunction due to harmonic effects. Install an electronic
  contactor to turn off the inverter power to prevent failure or accident when inverter's protection
  function is activated.
- This unit is for a three-phase power supply. Be sure not to power a three-phase only inverter with single phase power.
- Do not stop operation by switching off the electromagnetic contactors on the primary or secondary sides of the inverter.
- The inverter enters into the following condition at the occurrence of open phase if it is selected open phase protection is valid: R phase, S phase or T phase, open phase condition: It becomes single-phase operation condition. Trip operation, such as a deficiency voltage or over current, may occur.
- A converter module may be damaged as a result of the following conditions. Use caution when,
  - Unbalanced power supply voltage more than 3%
  - Power supply capacity is more than 10 times of the capacity of inverter
  - A drastic change in the power supply
- Turning on/off the power supply more than three times in one minute. Could be damaged.

# 2) Inverter output terminals: U(T1), V(T2), W(T3)

- Make sure to use a heavier gauge wire when you have long motor leads. This will help to reduce the voltage drop.
- Do not install power factor correction capacitors or a surge absorber to the output of the inverter.

Inverter will trip or sustain damage to the output transistors.

In the case of the cable length being more than 20 meters, it is possible that a surge voltage will

# iMaster-C1 MANUAL

be generated and damage to the motor is caused by the floating capacity or the inductance in the wire. When an EMC filter is to be installed, please contact to us.

- · In the case of two or more motors, install a thermal relay to each motor.
- · Make the RC value of the thermal relay the value of 1.1 times of motor rated electric current

# 3) Direct current reactor (DCL) connection terminals (PD, P)

- These are the terminals to connect the current reactor DCL (optional) to help improve the power factor.
  - The short bar is connected to the terminals when shipped from the factory, if you are to connect a DCL you will need to disconnect the short bar first.
- The cable length should be less than 5 meters.

# 4) External braking resistor connection terminals (P, RB)

- The regenerative braking circuit (BRD) is built-in as standard.
- · When braking is required, install an external braking resistor to these terminals.
- The cable length should be less than 16 feet, and twist the two connecting wires to reduce inductance.
- Do not connect any other device other than the external braking resistor to these terminals.
   When installing an external braking resistor make sure that the resistance is correctly rated to limit the current drawn through the BRD.

# 5) Earth ground (G)

- Make sure that you securely ground the inverter and motor for prevention of electric shock.
   The inverter and motor must be connected to an appropriate safety earth ground and follow all local electrical codes.
- In case connecting 2 or more inverters, use caution not to use a loop which can cause some malfunction of the inverter.

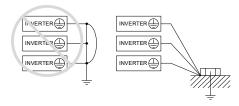


Figure 2-4 Earth Ground (G)

# 2.2.4 Control circuit terminal description

Table 2-3 Control Circuit Terminal Description

Signal	Terminal	Terminal Name	Function
	P24	Power terminal for input signal	24VDC ±15%, 100mA
	PCS	Power supply for external device	DC 27V Max
	6	Intelligent input terminal (C01~C06)	
	5	Forward run command (FW), Reverse run command (RV), Multi-speed commands1-4(CF1-4),	
Input signal	4	2-stage accel/decel (2CH), Reset (RS), Free run stop (FRS), External trip (EXT), Terminal software lock (SFT), Current input selection (AT), Jogging	Contact input: Close: ON (Operating) Open: OFF (Stop)
	3	operation (JG), Unattended start protection (USP),	Minimum ON TIME:12ms
	2	3 wires input (STA,STP,F/R), Up/Down (Up, Down), Local keypad operation(O/R),	ON TIME 12IIIS
	1	Local terminal input operation(T/R), PID integral reset (PIDIR), PID disable (PIDD)	
	CM1	Common terminal for input or monitors signal	
Monitor	FM	Analog Monitor (Frequency, Current, Voltage, Power)	0~10Vdc, 1mA
signal	AMI	Analog Monitor (Frequency, Current, Voltage, Power)	4~20mA, 250Ω
	Н	Frequency power	10.5VDC
Frequency	0	Frequency command power terminal (voltage)	0-10VDC, Input impedance: 50kΩ
signal	OI	Frequency command terminal (current)	4-20mA, Input impedance: 230Ω
	L	Analog power common	_
	30A	Relay output terminal (C13)	AC 250V 2.5A (Resistor load)
Intelligent relay output	30B	Run status signal (RUN), Frequency arrival signal (FA1), Set frequency arrival signal (FA2),	0.2A (Inductor load)
signal	30C	Overload advance notice signal (OL), PID error deviation signal (OD), Alarm signal (AL)	3.0A (Resistor load) 0.7A (Induction load)

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Signal	Terminal	Terminal Name	Function
	11	Open collector output (C14~C15)  Run status signal (RUN),	
Intelligent output signal	12	Frequency arrival signal (FA1), Set frequency arrival signal (FA2), Overload advance notice signal (OL), PID error deviation signal (OD), Alarm signal (AL)	24VDC, 50mA max
	CM2	Common terminal for output	-
1 <sup>st</sup> communication	RXP	RJ-45 connector no. 3	RS-485
(RJ-45)	RXN	RJ-45 connector no. 6	terminal
Safety input	SC	Common terminal for safety input	Intelligent input
signal	S1	Safety A point input	intelligent input
2 <sup>nd</sup>	RXP	RS-485 (+)	2 <sup>nd</sup> RS-485
(speed set b31)	RXN	RS-485 (-)	terminal

# 2.2.5 Control circuit terminal wiring

# (1) Wiring of control circuit terminal

The control circuit terminal of iMaster C1 is as below,

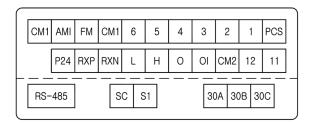


Figure 2-5 Control circuit terminal

# (2) Example of control circuit wiring

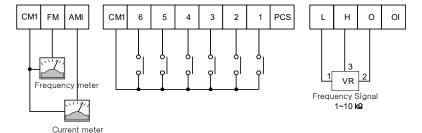


Figure 2-6 Example of control circuit wiring

# (3) Precaution of wiring

- Control terminals are insulated to its power lines (R, S, T, U, V, W, PD, N, RB).
   Do not connect those terminals to power lines or ground.
- Use twisted screened cable, for the input and output wires of the control circuit terminals. Connect the screened cable to the common terminal.
- 3) Limit the connection wires to 20 meters.
- 4) Separate the control circuit wiring from the main power and relay control wiring. If it is inevitable to cross, make it orthogonal. There is a concern of inverter malfunction.

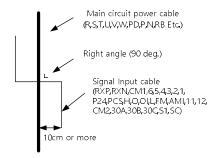


Figure 2-7 Separate of main circuit and control circuit wire

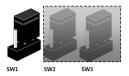
- When using relays for the FW terminal or an intelligent input terminal use a control relay that is designed to work with 24Vdc.
- 6) When a relay is used as an intelligent output, connect a diode for surge protection parallel to the relay coil.
- 7) Do not short the analog voltage terminals H and L or the internal power terminals P24 and all CM1's. Otherwise there is risk of Inverter damage.

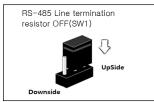
# (4) Selection the switches

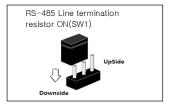
1) RS-485-line termination resistor

Line termination resistor is used to decrease delay of distortion and attenuation at the long distance. It inserts one on the line termination. line termination resistor of inverter is build-in and it can be selected by SW1 switch.

<Line termination resistor switch selection > SW1: Default value is OFF







# 2) Connections between Relay output and PLC

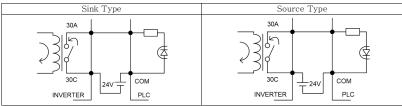
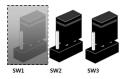


Figure 2-8 Connections between Relay and PLC

- 3) Connection between Input terminal and PLC: Factory setting is Sink type mode
  - SW2: Power Source switch for Internal 24V (factory setting) or external PCS input
  - SW3: Select switch for Sink type mode (factory setting) and Source type mode



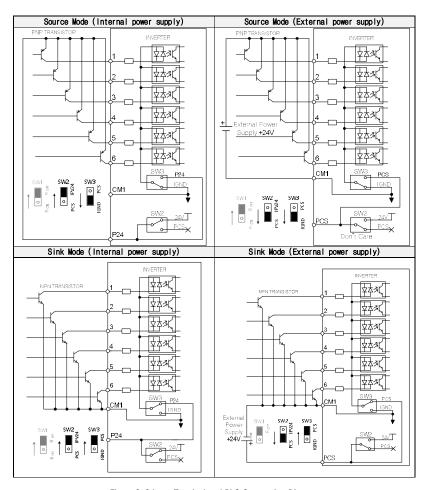
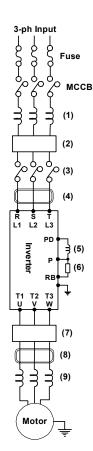


Figure 2-9 Input Terminal and PLC Connection Diagram

# 2.2.6 Accessory wiring



Note1: The applicable equipment is for HYUNDAI standard four pole squirrel cage motor.

Note2: Be sure to consider the capacity of the circuit breaker to be used.

Note3: Be sure to use larger wire for power lines if the distance exceeds 20m.

Note4: Be sure to use MCCB for the safety.

Note5: Do not operate the electronic contactor when the inverter is running.

Note6: Use 0.75mm for AL relay and RN relay. Separate by the sum (wiring distance from inverter to power supply, from inverter to motor) for the sensitive current of leakage breaker (MCCB).

Note7: When using CV line and wiring by rigid metal conduit, leak flows

Wiring distance	Sensitive current(mA)
100m and less	50mA
300m and less	100mA

Note8: IV line is high dielectric constant that is why the current will be increased 8 times. Therefore, use the sensitive current 8 times as large as that of the left list.

And if the distance of wire is over 100m, use CV line.

Note9: Do not stop operation by switching off the electromagnetic contactors.

If you need to use electromagnetic contactors for predation because of bypass operation, be sure the protective circuit must be configured so that it cannot be switched on or off during inverter operation.

Figure 2–10
Example of accessories connection

# Table 2-4 Optional accessories for improved performance

	Name	Function
(1)	Input AC Reactor	Recommended to use when the unbalance voltage rate is 3% or more and power supply is 500 kVA or more, and there is a rapid change in the power supply. It also reduces harmonics and improves the power factor.
(2)	Noise filter for Inverter	Reduces common noise generated between the power supply and the ground, as well as normal noise. Put it in the primary side of inverter.
(3)	Radio Noise Filter (zero-phase reactor)	Helps to reduce noise on a peripheral radio when an inverter is running.
(4)	Input Radio Noise Filter	Reduces radiation noise emitted from wire at the input.
(5)	DC Reactor	Helps to improve power factor for the inverter.
(6)	Breaking Resistor/ Regenerative Breaking Unit	Used for applications that need to increase the brake torque of the inverter or to frequently start/stop and to run high inertia load.
(7)	Output Noise Filter	Reduces noise emitted from the inverter motor leads. This helps to minimize interference with sensitive equipment (i.e.: sensors or weight scale).
(8)	Radio Noise Filter (Zero-phase reactor)	Reduces noise generated at the output of the inverter. (It is possible to use for both input and output.)
(9)	Output alternation reactor Reducing vibration, thermal Relay, preventing Misapplication	Running motors with the inverter generates vibration greater than that with commercial power supply. This part installed between the inverter and motor reduces torque ripple. When the cable length between the inverter and motor is long (10m or more), a countermeasure for a malfunction of the thermal relay by harmonic due to switching on inverter is taken by inserting reactor. There is the way to use current sensor instead of thermal relay.
	LCR filter	Sine-wave filter for output

# 2.2.7 Torque and wire specification

Table 2-5 Applicable tools for N700E (Heavy duty)

				External			Applicable Tools		
Class	Motor Output (kW)	Inverter model (IMASTER-C1)	Power lines <sup>note 1</sup> R,S,T, U,V,W,PD,P	resistor between P and RB	Screw size of Terminal	Torque (N•m)	Leak breaker (MCCB)		Electro- magnetic Controller (MC)
	5.5	055LF/075LFP	More than 6	6	M4	1.2	UCB100R	50A	HiMC32
200V	7.5	075LF/110LFP	More than 10	6	M4	1.2	UCB100R	50A	HiMC32
Class	11	110LF/150LFP	More than 16	6	M5	3.0	UCB100R	75A	HiMC50
	15	150LF/185LFP	More than 25	16	M5	3.0	UCB100R	100A	HiMC65
	5.5	055HF/075HFP	More than 4	4	M4	1.2	UAB30C	30A	HiMC18
	7.5	075HF/110HFP	More than 4	4	M4	1.2	UAB30C	30A	HiMC18
400V	11	110HF/150HFP	More than 6	6	M4	1.2	UCB100R	50A	HiMC32
Class	15	150HF/185HFP	More than 10	10	M5	3.0	UCB100R	50A	HiMC40
	18.5	185HF/220HFP	More than 16	10	M5	3.0	UCB100R	75A	HiMC40
	22	220HF/300HFP	More than 25	10	M5	3.0	UCB100R	75A	HiMC50

Note 1) Use a 600V, 75°C copper wire for wires.

Table 2-6 Applicable tools for N700E P-TYPE (Normal duty)

	Table 2 of Applicable tools for 111 out 1 111 2 (1 of 111 at 4)											
	Motor	Motor	Power lines <sup>note1</sup>	External	Screw	_	Applicable Tools					
Class	Output (kW)	Inverter model (IMASTER-C1)	R,S,T, U,V,W,PD,P	resistor between P and RB	size of Terminal	Torque (N•m)	Leak breaker (MCCB)		Leak breaker (MCCB)			
	7.5	055LF/075LFP	More than 10	6	M4	1.2	UCB100R	50A	HiMC32			
200V	11	075LF/110LFP	More than 16	6	M5	3.0	UCB100R	75A	HiMC50			
Class	15	110LF/150LFP	More than 25	16	M5	3.0	UCB100R	100A	HiMC65			
	18.5	150LF/185LFP	More than 30	16	M6	4.5	UCB250S	150A	HiMC80			
	7.5	055HF/075HFP	More than 4	4	M4	1.2	UAB30C	30A	HiMC18			
	11	075HF/110HFP	More than 6	6	M4	1.2	UCB100R	50A	HiMC32			
400V	15	110HF/150HFP	More than 10	10	M5	3.0	UCB100R	50A	HiMC40			
Class	18.5	150HF/185HFP	More than 16	10	M5	3.0	UCB100R	75A	HiMC40			
	22	185HF/220HFP	More than 25	10	M5	3.0	UCB100R	75A	HiMC50			
	30	220HF/300HFP	More than 25	-	M6	4.5	UCB100R	100A	HiMC65			

Note 1) Use a 600V, 75°C copper wire for wires.

# 3. SPECIFICATION

# 3.1 Specification

# 3.1.1 200V Class specification

Inver	ter model		055LF/ 075LFP	075LF/ 110LFP	110LF/ 150LFP	150LF/ 185LFP		
Applicable mot		HD	5.5	7.5	11	15		
(4P, kW) (Note1)		ND	7.5	11	15	18.5		
Rated	HD	200V	8.3	11.1	15.6	22.2		
	TID	240V	10.0	13.3	18.7	26.6		
capacity	ND	200V	10.4	15.2	20.0	25.2		
(kVA)	ND	240V	12.5	18.2	24.1	30.3		
Rated input vo			Three Phase 200 ~ 240 V +/- 10 %, 50/60 Hz +/- 5%					
Rated output v	oltage <sup>(Note</sup>	2)	Three Phase 200 ~ 240 V (Corresponding to Input Voltage)					
	Rated output current (A)		25	33	47	64		
Hated output c	urrent (A)	ND	30	40	56	73		
Weight (Kg)	Weight (Kg)			4.5	4.5	6.5		
Protection Design			IP20					

# 3.1.2 400V Class specification

Inver	ter model		055HF/ 075HFP	075HF/ 110HFP	110HF/ 150HFP	150HF/ 185HFP	185HF/ 220HFP	220HF/ 300HFP	
Applicable mot	policable motor		5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	
(4P, kW) (Note1)		ND	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	
Rated	HD	380V	7.9	10.5	15.1	21.1	25.0	29.6	
	HU	480V	10.0	13.3	19.1	26.6	31.6	37.4	
capacity (kVA)	ND	380V	10.4	15.2	20.0	25.6	29.7	39.4	
(KVA)		480V	12.5	18.2	24.1	30.7	35.7	47.3	
Rated input vol			Three Phase 380 ~ 480 V +/- 10 %, 50/60 Hz +/- 5%						
Rated output vo	oltage <sup>(Note</sup>	2)	Three Phase 380 ~ 480 V (Corresponding to Input Voltage)						
		HD	14.8	18	24	32	39	45	
Rated output c	urrent(A)	ND	17.5	23	31	38	44	58	
Weight (Kg)	Weight (Kg)			4.5	4.5	7	7	7.5	
Protection Design			IP20						

Note 1: The applicable motor refers to HYUNDAI standard 3-phase motor (4-pole).

To use other motors, care must be taken to prevent the rated motor current (50/60Hz) from exceeding the rated output current of the inverter.

Note 2: The output voltage decreases as the main supply voltage decreases

(except for use of the AVR function).

In any case, the output voltage cannot exceed the input power supply voltage.

# 3.1.3 Performance specification

Features			Performance specification
Control method (Note3)			Space vector PWM
Output frequency range (Note4)			0.01~400Hz (Sensorless Vector Control: 0.5 ~ 300Hz)
Fr	requency acc	uracy <sup>(Note5)</sup>	Digital command ±0.01% of Max Frequency / Analog Frequency ±0.1%
	Frequency re	esolution	Digital setting: 0.01Hz (Under 100Hz), 0.1Hz (Over 100Hz) Analog setting: Max. frequency 500(DC5V), Max. setting frequency 1000 (DC 0 ~ 10V, 4~20mA)
	Voltage/free		Base Frequency 0-400Hz setting
Overload current rate			Heavy Duty (150%, 60sec), Normal Duty (120%, 60sec)
A	cceleration/de	eceleration	0.0~6,000 sec (Linear, S curve, U curve) Second acc/dcc can be set
	DC injection braking		Operation level and time can be set when above the minimum frequency and below the braking set frequency
I n p u t S i g n a l	Frequency	Operator external signal	Set by Keypad (Potentiometer or Arrow Keys) Variable resistance 1W, 1kΩ~10kΩ DC 0~10V (Input impedance 10KΩ), DC 4~20mA (Input impedance 200Ω)
	Run/Stop	Operator external signal	Run/Stop key Forward run/stop Reverse operation/stop is possible for terminal assignment (select 1a, 1b)
	Intelligent input terminal		FW (Forward Run), RV (Reverse Run), CF1~4(Multi-speed Inputs 1~4), RS(Reset), AT (Analog input current/voltage selection signal), USP (Unattended Start Protection), EXT (External trip), FRS (Free-Run Stop), JG(Jogging), SFT (software lock), 2CH (2nd Acceleration / Deceleration), STA, STP, F/R, UP, DOWN(Up/down), UP/DOWN initial value clear O/R (Local Keypad Operation), T/R (Local Terminal Input Operation), PIDIR (PID Integral Reset), PIDD (PID Disabled)
O u t p u t S i g	Intelligent output terminal (11-CM2, 12-CM2)		RUN (Run Status Signal), FA1 (Frequency Arrival Signal 1), FA2 (Frequency Arrival Signal 2), OL (Overload Alarm), OD (PID Error Deviation Signal), AL (Alarm signal)
	Alarm relay output terminal		
	FM output		Analog output meter (DC0~10V full scale, Max·1mA)  Output Frequency, Output Current, Output Voltage, Output Power, Output Torque, Operation by Communication
n a I	AMI output		Analog output meter (4~20mA full scale. Max · 250Q)  Output Frequency, Output Current, Output Voltage, Output Power, Output Torque, Operation by Communication

	항목	사양
Application specification functions		Auto tuning, AVR function, V/F characteristic selection, Curved acceleration/deceleration, Upper and lower limiters, 16-stage speed profile, Fine adjustment of start frequency, Carrier frequency change (0.5~16kHz), PID, Frequency jump, Gain and Bias setting, Jogging, Electronic thermal level adjustment, Retry function, Automatic torque boost, Trip history monitor, Software lock, S-curved acc/dcc, Frequency conversion display, UPS, IOLT protection, Flying start, BRD
	Protection functions	Over current, Over voltage, Communication error, Under voltage, Output short circuit detection, UPS error, EEPROM error, External trip1~6, Ground fault, Over temperature, Input phase loss, Overload, Inverter overload, Braking resistor overload, CPU error, Safety function, HW trip 1~2, Option trip 1~2, OVS fail, Fan fault
Е	Ambient temperature	-10~50°C (ND: 40°C)
n v i	Storage temperature	-20~60°C
r	Ambient humidity	Below 90%RH (Installed with no dew condensation)
m e	Vibration	5.9m/s <sup>2</sup> (0.6G). 10~55Hz
n t	Location	Under 1000m above sea level, indoors (Installed away from corrosive gasses dust)
	Option	Noise filter, DC reactor, AC reactor Remote operator, cable for remote operator, Braking resistor (Notes)

(Note3) Control method setting A31 to 2 (sensorless vector control) Selected, set carrier frequency more than 2.1kHz.

Sensorless vector performance will be reduced when using a motor less than half of the rated capacity of the inverter.

Multiple motors cannot be driven by sensorless vector control.

- (Note4) To operate the motor over 50/60Hz, consult the motor manufacturer about the maximum allowable rotation speed.
- (Note5) For motor stabilization control, the output frequency can exceed the maximum frequency set in [A04] up to 1.5 Hz.
- (Note6) The inverter also has a regenerative braking circuit built in. However, if a large regenerative torque is required, use the optional braking resistance.

### 3.1.4 Braking resistor specification

- Resistor values in below table are calculated on the basis of 150% rated braking torque, 5% ED<sup>(Note 1)</sup>
- Wattage rating of resistor should be doubled for 10% ED.

Recommended DB Resistors for the Rated Inverter Capacity (5%  $\mathrm{ED}^{(\mathrm{Note\,I})}$ )

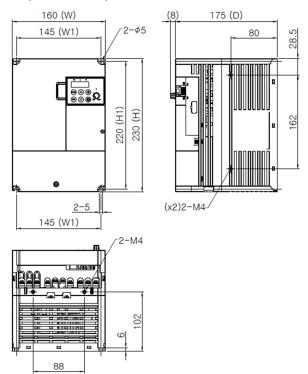
Inverter capacity	Ohm [Ω]	Wattage [W] <sup>(Note 2)</sup>
055LF/075LFP	17	1000
075LF/110LFP	17	1000
110LF/150LFP	17	1000
150LF/185LFP	8.7	2500
055HF/075HFP	70	1200
075HF/110HFP	50	1200
110HF/150HFP	50	2000
150HF/185HFP	40	2500
185HF/220HFP	20	3000
220HF/300HFP	20	4000

(Note1) ED is duty cycle, 100sec based (5%ED = 5sec)

(Note2) In case of self-cooled DB

## 3.2 Dimension

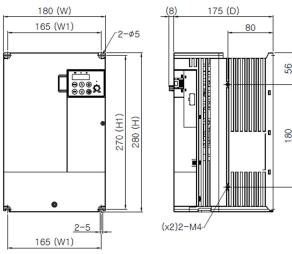
# 3.2.1 IMASTER-C1-055LF/075LFP~075LF/110LFP, 055HF/075HFP~075HF/110HFP

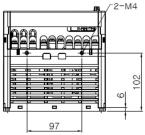


iMaster C1-1Frame Diemsions

	Model	W	W1	Н	H1	D	ø	Weight
		[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[kg]
	055LF/075LFP	160	145	230	220	175	5	2.6
	075LF/110LFP	160	145	230	220	175	5	2.6
	055HF/075HFP(FLT)	160	145	230	220	175	5	2.5(2.8)
	075HF/110HFP(FLT)	160	145	230	220	175	5	2.5(2.8)

## 3.2.2 IMASTER-C1-110LF/150LFP, 110HF/150HFP~150HF/185HFP

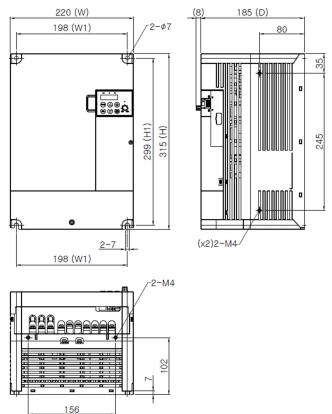




iMaster C1-2Frame Diemsions

	Model	W	W1	Н	H1	D	ø	Weight
		[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[kg]
	110LF/150LFP	180	165	280	270	175	5	3.8
	110HF/150HFP(FLT)	180	165	280	270	175	5	3.9(4.1)
	150HF/185HFP(FLT)	180	165	280	270	175	5	3.9(4.1)

## 3.2.3 IMASTER-C1-150LF/185LFP, 185HF/220HFP~220HF/300HFP



iMaster C1-3Frame Diemsions

	Model	W	W1	Н	H1	D	ø	Weight
		[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[kg]
	150LF/185LFP	220	198	315	299	185	7	5.5
	185HF/220HFP(FLT)	220	198	315	299	185	7	5.8(6.1)
	220HF/300HFP(FLT)	220	198	315	299	185	7	5.8(6.1)

## 4. OPERATION

### DANGER

- Be sure not to touch the main terminal or to check the signal add or remove wires and/or connectors.
- Be sure not to turn the input power supply on until after front case is closed.

  While the inverter is energized, be sure not to remove the front cover.
- · Be sure not to operate the switches with wet hands.
- While the inverter is energized, be sure not to touch the inverter terminals even while the unit is not running.
- If the retry mode is selected, it may suddenly restart during the trip stop.
   Be sure not to approach the equipment. (Be sure) to design the equipment so that personnel safety will be secured even if equipment restarts.
- Even if the power supply is cut for a short period of time, the inverter may restart
  operation after the power supply is restored if the operation command is given.
   If a restart may incur danger to personnel, be sure to make a circuit so that it will not restart after
  power recovery.
- The stop key is valid only when a function is on. Ensure that there is a hardware emergency stop that is separate from the stop key of the inverter.
- With the operation command on, if the alarm reset is ordered, the inverter can restart suddenly. Be sure to set the alarm reset after checking the operation command is off.
- · Be sure not to touch the inside of the energized inverter or to put a bar into it.

# 

- The cooling fins will have high temperature. Be sure not to touch them.
- Low to high speed operation of the inverter can be easily set. Be sure to operate it after checking
  the tolerance of the motor and machine.
- · Install an external braking system if needed.
- If a motor is operated at a frequency higher than standard setting value(50Hz), be sure to check the speeds of the motor and the machine from their manufacturers.
   After getting their consent, operate them.

#### 4.1 Keypad overview

iMaster C1 inverter's digital operator is LED type. Please use attached LED operator for running.

### 4.1.1 Keypad description

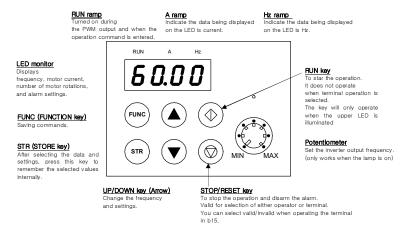


Figure 4-1 LED Keypad description

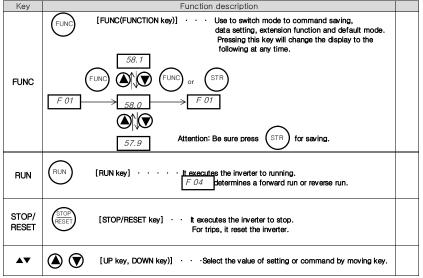
#### Initial keypad display description

Default mode of keypad display is d01 - output frequency of inverter. Enter b30, you can set the mode of display: d01~d13.

#### 4.1.2 Keypad navigation

#### 1) Keypad navigation

Table 4-1 Keypad navigation



## Attention for STR key

If you want to store the data using STR key, please stay at least 6sec without any change or moving up/down key.

If you change anything such as key operations, reset operations, and power down before 6 seconds, the correct data may not be stored.

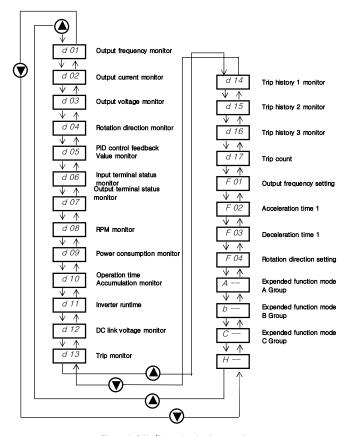


Figure 4-2 Up/Down key basic operation

#### 2) Expended function mode navigation

Using the a / e key to enter the expanded function mode, select expanded Function command NO. in A - b - c - and H - mode.

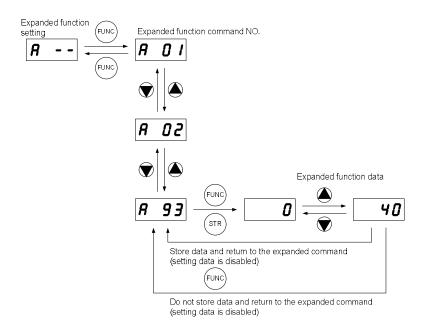


Figure 4-3 Expended function mode navigation

#### 3) Navigation example: Mode change with arrow keypad

(Change the way of frequency setting from potentiometer to up/down key. Running the inverter by up/down key operation)

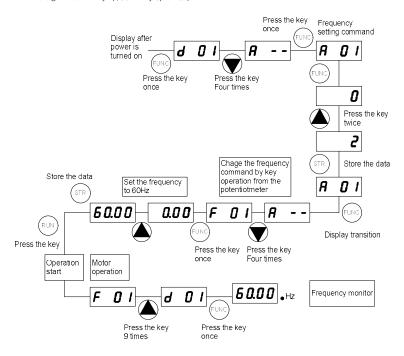


Figure 4-4 Navigation example: Mode change with arrow keypad

#### 4.1.3 Shift key function

The "SHIFT" function is enabled to press both up and down key simultaneously. The left segment digit is blinked and if press store key, the blinked segment moves to the right digit.

When the 'store' key is pressed, it moved to the right digits again.

When the right most digit is blinked and press the 'store' key, it turned back to the function code display.

#### 1. Display digit movement

- Press the UP key and Down key at the same time in data setting mode.
  - → Change scroll mode to shift mode.

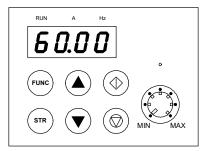


Figure 4-5 How to use Shift key

#### 2. Data setting method

Stop in target group using UP/DOWN key → Press the function key, Change to data setting mode.

- 1) Press the UP key and DOWN key at the same time. → First number is flashing on the left
- 2) Change the data using UP/DOWN key → Press the Store-key → Third number is flashing.
- 3) Change the data using UP/DOWN key → Press the Store-key → Second number is flashing
- 4) Change the data using UP/DOWN key → Press the Store-key → First number is flashing
- 5) Change the data using UP/DOWN key → Press the Store-key → Target function code is setting

#### 4.2 Frequency and run sources

In order to run the inverter, the run command source and frequency command source must be determined. Select one frequency command source and one run command source from list below and follow the instruction in the section referenced

#### 4.2.1 Control terminal operation

Connect external signal to control terminal then running the inverter with this signal. Start operation by operation command (FW, RV) after inverter turning on.

However, there are 2 ways for setting the terminal frequency - run or frequency command, please select for each system.

For detailed specifications, refer to the control circuit terminal description (required for operation)

- Run command: The inverter is run/stop by external signal inputs such as switches and relays.
   (Please refer 4-3)
- Frequency command: Operating frequency is determined external signals 0 to 10V or 4 to 20mA.
   (Please refer 4-3)

### 4.2.2 Digital keypad operation

Operation the inverter with mounted keypad - arrow key and potentiometer.

<Operation navigation>

- 1. Set frequency command source to potentiometer (A01=0)
- 2. Set run command source to standard operator (A02=0)
- 3. Press RUN button on the mounted operator, inverter will be run.
- 4. Change frequency using potentiometer.

(If set A01=2, can change frequency with up/down key ▲▼.)

#### 4.2.3 Combination control terminal and digital keypad

Operation the inverter with combined way.

You can select the way of setting for frequency command and run command each.

#### 4.2.4 Communication (RS-485) operation

The inverter can be driven by a communication command from an external control device, such as a PLC. You can also control the inverter through the optional Remote Operator (ROP).

See '6. Communication Functions' for details.

### 4.3 Test run

This is an example of a common connection. If you prefer to use digital operator, please refer to detailed use of the digital operator.

#### 4.3.1 To input the operation setting and the frequency setting from the terminal

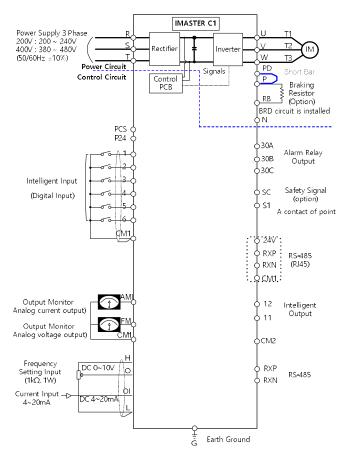


Figure 4-6 Setting diagram from the terminal

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### iMaster-C1 MANUAL

#### <Procedure>

#### (1) Please make sure that the connections are secured correctly.

- Connect the power supply to R(L1), S(L2), T(L3)
- Connect the motor to U(T1), V(T2), W(T3)

#### (2) Turn on power supply to the inverter

- Please make sure the operator should illuminate.

#### (3) Set the terminal with the frequency setting selection.

- Set A01 as the indication code, press the FUNC once. (Code values are shown)
- Set 1 with N. press the STR once to set the operation setting for the operator. (Indication code turns back to A01)

#### (4) Set terminal with the operation setting selection.

- Set A02 as indication code, press the FUNC once.

#### (5) Set monitor mode

When monitoring the output frequency, set indication code to d01.
 Or when monitoring the operation direction, set indication code to d04.

#### (6) Input start operation setting

- Turn on between [FW) and [CM1] of terminal.
  - (Run command to the inverter)
- Apply voltage [O] and [L] of terminal to start operation.

(Frequency command to the inverter)

#### (7) Input stop operation setting.

- Turn OFF between [FW (1)] and [CM1] to slowly stop.

## 4.3.2 Operation setting and the frequency setting from the digital operator

(Remote operator is also same use.)

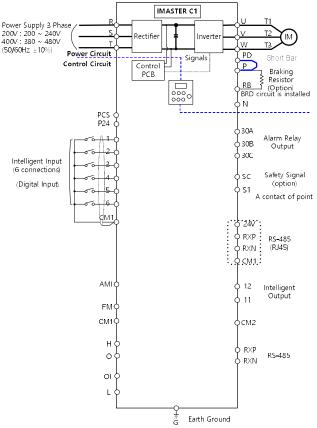


Figure 4-7 Setting diagram from the digital operator

# 09122073375 tajhizautomation.com 09124514388

### iMaster-C1 MANUAL

#### <Procedure>

#### (1) Please make sure that the connections are secured correctly.

- Connect the power supply to R(L1), S(L2), T(L3)
- Connect the motor to U(T1), V(T2), W(T3)

#### (2) Turn on power supply to the inverter.

- Please make sure the operator should illuminate.

### (3) Set the operator with the frequency setting selection.

- Set A01 as indication code, press the FUNC key once. (Code values are shown.)
- Set 2 with key (In case of remote is 3), press STR key once to set the operation setting for the operator. (Indication code turns back to A01.)

#### (4) Set the operator with the operation setting selection.

- Set A02 as the indication code, and set 2. Press STR key to set the operation setting.

#### (5) Set the output frequency.

- Set F01 as indication code, and pressing FUNC key once. (Code values are shown.)
- Set to the desired output frequency with A, Vkey, press STR key once to store it.

#### (6) Set Monitor mode.

When monitoring the output frequency, set indication code to d01.
 Or when monitoring the operation direction, set indication code to d04.

### (7) Press the RUN key to start operating.

- "Run" lamp turns on a light.

#### (8) Press the STOP key to decelerate to a stop.

- When the frequency returns to 0, the RUN lamp light will switch off.
- · Check whether there is no trip, number of turns, and frequency meter are correct during operation.
- Set the accel/decel time longer, when an over-current trip or over-voltage trip occurs.

# 5. PARAMETERS

## 5.1 Monitoring (d group)

Table 5-1 Monitor mode (d group)

Func- code	Name	Description
d01	Output frequency monitor	Display of output frequency
d02	Output current monitor	Display of output current
d03	Output voltage monitor	Display of output voltage
d04	DC ling voltage	Display of DC link voltage
d05	Rotation direction monitor	Display of direction of operation
d06	PID feedback monitor	Displays the scaled PID process variable (%)
d07	Intelligent input terminal monitor	Displays the state of the intelligent input terminals
d08	Intelligent output terminal monitor	Displays the state of the intelligent output terminals
d09	RPM monitor	Display of output RPM
d10	Power consumption monitor	Display of power consumption
d11	Operation accumulated time(day)	Display of cumulative time (day)
d12	Operation accumulated time (minute)	Display of cumulative time (minute)

# 5.2 Trip monitor (d group)

Table 5-2 Trip monitor mode (d group)

Func- code	Name	Description
d13	Trip event monitor	Display the current trip event
d14	Trip history 1 monitor	Display the previous first trip event
d15	Trip history 2 monitor	Display the previous second trip event
d16	Trip history 3 monitor	Display the previous third trip event
d17	Trip count	Displays the trip accumulation count
d18	Inverter S/W version	Display software version of inverter
d19	Fan operation time (day)	Display fan accumulation time (day)
d20	Fan operation time (minute)	Display fan accumulation time (minute)

# 5.3 Basic function (F group)

Table 5-3 Basic function mode (F group)

Func- code	Name	Range	Defaults	Runtime edit
F01	Output frequency setting	0.00~400.0[Hz] Sensorless 0.00~300.0 [Hz]	0.00Hz	0
F02	Acceleration time 1 setting	0.0 ~ 6000.0 [sec]	5.0 sec	0
F03	Deceleration time 1 setting	0.0 ~ 6000.0 [sec]	10.0 sec	0
F04	Rotation direction setting	0 - Forward 1 - Reverse	0	Х
F05	Rotation direction selection	0 - Enable both way (FW and RV) 1 - Disable forward 2 - Disable reverse	0	Х
F06	Define custom display	0 ~ 65535	1.0	0

# 5.4 Extended function A mode (A group)

Table 5-4 Extended function A mode (A group)

Func- code	Name	-4 Extended function A mode (A group)  Range	Defaults	Runtime edit	
Basic	parameter setting				
A01	Frequency command (Multi-speed command method)	0 - Keypad potentiometer 1 - Control terminal input 2 - Standard operator 3 - Remote operator (1st communication -RJ45) 4 - Remote operator (2nd communication - terminal) 5 - Option 6 - Potentiometer and remote	1	Х	
A02	Run command	Standard operator     Control terminal input     Remote operator (RJ45)     Remote operator (Terminal)     Option	1	Х	
A03	Base frequency setting	0.00 ~ Max. frequency(A04) [Hz]	60.00Hz	Х	
A04	Maximum frequency setting	Base frequency (A03) ~ 400 [Hz] In case of sensorless vector (A31=2), Base frequency (A03) ~ 300 [Hz]	60.00Hz	×	
Analog	Input Settings (Exter	rnal frequency setting)			
A05	External frequency setting start (O, OI)	0.00 ~ Max. frequency (A04) [Hz]	0.00Hz	×	
A06	External frequency Setting end (O, OI)	0.00 ~ Max. frequency (A04) [Hz]	0.00Hz	X	
A07	External frequency start rate setting (O, OI)	0.0~100.0 [%]	0.0%	×	
A08	External frequency start rate setting (O, OI)	0.0~100.0 [%]	100.0%	×	
A09	External frequency start pattern setting	0 - Start at start frequency (A05) 1 - Start at 0 Hz	0	×	
A10	External frequency sampling setting	1~5000	10	×	

Func- code	Name	Range	Defaults	Runtime edit	
Multi−:	speed Frequency Set	ting			
A11 ~ A25	Multi-speed frequency setting	0.00 ~ Max. frequency (A04) [Hz]	speed1:5Hz speed2:10Hz speed3:15Hz speed4:20Hz speed5:30Hz speed6:40Hz speed7:50Hz speed8:60Hz etc. 0Hz	0	
A26	Jogging frequency setting	0.50~10.00 [Hz]	0.50Hz	0	
A27	Jogging stop operation selection	- Free-run stop     - Deceleration stop         (depending on deceleration time)     - DC injection braking stop     (necessary to set         DC injection braking)	0	Х	
V/F Ch	naracteristics				
A28	Torque boost mode selection	0 - Manual torque boost 1 - Automatic torque boost * For use automatic torque boost, Need to set for motor (H group)	0	Х	
A29	Manual torque boost Setting (forward)	0.0~50.0 [%]	(Note 1)	0	
A30	Manual torque boost Setting (reverse)	0.0~100.0 [%]	100.0%	0	
A31	V/F characteristic curve selection	0 - Constant torque 1 - Reduced torque (reduction of the 1.7thpower) 2 - Sensorless vector control 3 - VF_USER	0	Х	
A32	V/F gain setting	20.0~110.0 [%]	100.0%	0	

(Note 1) Depends on inverter power range 200V Class - 5.5kW:4.9[%], 7.5kW:4.4[%], 11kW:3.5[%], 15kW:2.8[%] 400V Class - 5.5kW:4.9[%], 7.5kW:4.4[%], 11kW:3.5[%], 15kW:2.8[%], 18.5kW:2.5[%], 22kW:2.5[%]

Func- code	Name	Range	Defaults	Runtime edit
DC Inj	ection Braking Settings			
A33	DC injection braking function selection	0 - Disable 1 - Enable	0	х
A34	DC injection braking Frequency setting	0.50~10.00 [Hz]	0.50Hz	Х
A35	DC injection braking output delay time setting	0.0~5.0 [sec]	0.0 sec	Х
A36	DC injection braking force setting	0.0~100.0 [%]	(Note2)	Х
A37	DC injection braking time setting	0.0~10.0 [sec]	0.0 sec	Х
Freque	ency-related Functions			
A38	Frequency upper limit setting	Frequency lower limit (A39) ~ Max. frequency (A04) [Hz]	0.00Hz	х
A39	Frequency lower limit setting	0.00~Frequency upper limit (A38) [Hz]	0.00Hz	Х
A40 A42 A44	Jump(center)frequency setting	0.00~ Max. frequency (A04) [Hz]	0.00Hz	Х
A41 A43 A45	Jump(hysteresis) frequency width setting	0.00~10.00 [Hz]	0.00Hz	Х
A46	Manual torque boost (Reverse)	0.0~50.0[%]	(Note 3)	0
A47	Manual torque boost Frequency setting (Reverse)	0.0~100.0[%]	100.0%	0

(Note 2) 50.0% (≤22kW)

(Note 3) Depends on inverter power range

200V Class - 5.5kW:4.9[%], 7.5kW:4.4[%], 11kW:3.5[%], 15kW:2.8[%]

400V Class - 5.5kW:4.9[%], 7.5kW:4.4[%], 11kW:3.5[%], 15kW:2.8[%], 18.5kW:2.5[%],

22kW:2.5[%]

Func- code	Name	Range	Defaults	Runtime edit
Autom	atic Voltage Regulation (/	AVR) Function		
A52	AVR function selection	0 - Constant ON 1 - Constant OFF 2 - OFF during deceleration	2	Х
A53	Motor input voltage setting	200V Class -80~240V 400V Class -160~500V	(Note 4)	X
Secon	d Acceleration and Decel	eration Functions		
A54	Second acceleration time setting	0.0~6000 [sec]	30.0 sec	0
A55	Second deceleration time setting	0.0~6000 [sec]	30.0 sec	0
A56	Two stageacce1/dece1 switching method selection	0 - 2CH input from terminal 1 - Transition frequency from acc/dec1 to acc/dec2	0	Х
A57	Acc1 to Acc2frequency transition point note5	0.00~Max.freqeuncy (A04) [Hz]	0.00Hz	Х
A58	Decel 1 to Decel 2 frequency transition point note5	0.00~Max.freqeuncy (A04) [Hz]	0.00Hz	Х
A59	Acceleration curve selection	0 - Linear 1 - S curve 2 - U curve	0	х
A60	Deceleration curve setting	0 - Linear 1 - S curve 2 - U curve	0	Х
Others	<b>3</b>			
A61	Input voltage offset setting	-10.0~10.0 [%]	0.0%	0
A62	Input voltage gain setting	0.0~200.0 [%]	100.0%	0
A63	Input current offset setting	-10.0~10.0 [%]	0.0%	0
A64	Input current gain setting	0.0~200.0 [%]	100.0%	0
A65	FAN operation mode	0 - Always ON 1 - ON in the run time	0	х

<sup>(</sup>Note 4) LF/LFP: 220V, 055HF/075HFP~220HF/300HFP: 380V

<sup>(</sup>Note 5) If the acceleration and deceleration times are set to a value less than or equal to 1 second, the saving frequency will be inaccurate.

Func- code	Name	Range	Defaults	Runtime edit	
S curv	e ratio setting				
A66	S curve start ratio setting of acceleration	0.0~100.0[%]	50.0%	0	
A67	S curve stop ratio setting of acceleration	0.0~100.0[%]	50.0%	0	
A68	S curve start ratio setting of deceleration	0.0~100.0[%]	50.0%	0	
A69	S curve stop ratio setting of deceleration	0.0~100.0[%]	50.0%	0	
PID Co	ontrol				
A70	PID Function selection	0 - PID control disable 1 - PID control enable 2 - F/F control enable	0	Х	
A71	PID Reference	0.00 ~ 100.00 [%]	0.00%	0	
A72	PID Reference source	0 - Keypad potentiometer 1 - Control terminal input 2 - Standard operator 3 - Remote operator (RJ45) 4 - Remote operator (Terminal) 5 - Option 6 - Potentiometer and RJ45	6	Х	
A73	PID Feed-back source	0 - Current input (OI) 1 - Voltage input (O)	0	Х	
A74	PID P gain	0.1 ~ 1000.0 [%]	100.0%	0	
A75	PID I gain	0.0 ~ 3600.0 [sec]	1.0sec	0	
A76	PID D gain	0.00 ~ 10.00 [sec]	0.00sec	0	
A77	PID Err limit	0.0 ~ 100.0 [%]	100.0%	0	
A78	PID Output high limit	PID Output low limit (A79) ~ 100.0 [%]	100.0%	0	

# 09122073375 tajhizautomation.com 09124514388 iMaster-C1 MANUAL

Func- code	Name	Range	Defaults	Runtime edit	
A79	PID Output low limit	-100.0 ~ PID Output high limit (A78) [%]	0.0%	0	
A80	PID Output reverse	0 - PID output reverse disable 1 - PID output reverse enable	0	×	
A81	PID scale factor	0.1 ~ 1000.0 [%]	100.0%	Х	
A82	Pre PID frequency	0.00 ~ Max. frequency(A04) [Hz]	0.00Hz	Х	
A83	Sleep frequency	0.00 ~ Max. frequency(A04) [Hz]	0.00Hz	X	
A84	Sleep/wake up delay time	0.0 ~ 30.0 [sec]	0.0sec	Х	
A85	Wake up frequency	0.00 ~ Max. frequency(A04) [Hz]	0.00Hz	X	
Set us	er V/F pattern ratio				
A86	User V/F setting frequency 1	0 ~ V/F setting frequency 2 (A88)	15.00Hz	Х	
A87	User V/F setting voltage 1	0 ~ V/F setting voltage 2 (A89)	25.0%	Х	
A88	User V/F setting frequency 2	V/F setting frequency 1 (A86) ~ V/F setting frequency 3 (A90)	30.00Hz	Х	
A89	User V/F setting voltage 2	V/F setting voltage 1 (A87) ~ V/F setting voltage 3 (A91)	50.0%	Х	
A90	User V/F setting frequency 3	V/F setting frequency 2 (A88) ~ V/F setting frequency 4 (A92)	45.00Hz	Х	
A91	User V/F setting voltage 3	V/F setting voltage 2 (A89) ~ V/F setting voltage 4 (A93)	75.0%	Х	
A92	User V/F setting frequency 4	V/F setting frequency 3 (A90) ~ Max. frequency (A04)	60.00Hz	Х	
A93	User V/F setting voltage 4	V/F setting voltage 3 (A91) ~ 100.0 [%]	100.0%	Х	

# 5.5 Extended function b mode (b group)

Table 5-5 Extended function b mode (b group)

Func- code	Name	Range	Defaults	Runtime edit
Resta	art Mode			
b01	Selection of restart mode	<ul> <li>0 - Alarm output after trip</li> <li>1 - Restart at 0Hz</li> <li>2 - Resume operation after frequency matching</li> <li>3 - Resume previous freq. after freq. matching, then decelerate to stop.</li> <li>And display trip info.</li> </ul>	0	X
b02	Allowable instantaneous power failure time setting	1.0~10.0 [sec]	2.0 sec (Note 6)	Х
b03	Reclosing standby after Instantaneous power failure recovered	0.3~10 [sec]	1.0 sec	Х
Electr	ronic Thermal Setting			
b04	Electronic thermal level setting	Motor rated current x 20.0%~ 120.0%	100.0%	Х
b05	Electronic thermal characteristic, selection	Cooling fan is mounted on the motor shaft (Self-cool)     Cooling fan is powered by external source (Forced-cool)	1	x
Overl	oad Restriction			
b06	Overload overvoltage Restriction mode selection	0 - Overload restriction mode OFF 1 - Overload restriction mode ON * Overvoltage setting is b67	1	Х.
b07	Overload restriction level setting (constant speed)	Set Between 20%~200% of rated current of inverter HD: 20.0%~ 200.0%  ND: 20.0%~ 165.0%  * If there is speed change, you can set at b49	HD:180% ND:150%	Х
b08	Overload restriction constant setting	0.1~10.0 [sec]	10.0 sec	Х

(Note 6) Allowable instantaneous power failure time is depending on machine or load conditions, So, please check and verification test before using.

Func- code	Name	Range	Defaults	Runtime edit
Other	s			
Ь09	Software lock mode selection	0 - All parameters locked (Except b09, when SFT from terminal is on) 1 - All parameters locked (Except b09 and F01, when SFT from terminal is ON) 2 - All parameters locked (Except b09, when function set) 3 - All parameters locked (Except b09 and F01, when function set) 4 - All parameters locked (Except b09, F01, F02, F03, when function set)	0	х
b10	Start frequency Adjustment	0.50~10.00 [Hz]	0.50Hz	X
b11	Carrier frequency setting	1.0~10.0[kHz] (5.5kW~22kW)	5.0kHz	0
b12	Initialization mode	0 - Trip history clear 1 - Parameter initialization	0	Х
b13	Country code for initialization	0 - Korean version 1 - Europe version 2 - US version	0	Х
b14	RPM conversion factor setting	0.01~99.99	1.00	0
b15	STOP key validity during terminal operation	0 - STOP enable 1 - STOP disable	0	Х
b16	Resume on FRS cancellation mode	Restart from 0Hz     Restart from frequency detected from real speed of motor	0	Х
b17	Communication number	1~32 [count]	1	Х
b18	Ground fault setting (Note7)	0.0~100.0 [%] 0 - Do not detect ground fault.	0.0%	X

(Note 7) Below 22kW, disable ground fault setting. (value is always 0) Upper 30kW, able to use as above range.

# 09122073375 tajhizautomation.com 09124514388 iMaster-C1 MANUAL

Func- code	Name	Range	Defaults	Runtime edit
b19	Speed Search Current Suppression Level	0.0~30.0[sec]	2.0 sec	0
b20	Voltage increase Level during Speed Search	0.1~10.0[sec]	1.0 sec	0
b23	Frequency match operation selection	0 - 0Hz Starting operation 1 - Frequency matching & start operation	0	0
b24	Failure status output selection by relay in case of failure	0 - Inactive at low voltage failure 1 - Active at voltage failure (Inactive at restart mode) 2 - Active of all failure occurred 3 - Active at voltage failure (For low voltage failure, automatic restart)	0	0
b25	Stop method selection	0 - Decelerating stop 1 - Free run stop	0	0
b26	Inverter type change to P-type (Normal Duty)	0 - Heavy Duty (Standard Type) 1 - Normal Duty (P-Type)	0	×
b27	Input phase loss	0~30 [sec] 0 - Disable	10 sec	0
b28	Communication time out setting	0~60 [sec] 0 - Disable	0 sec	0
b29	Communication time out operation mode	0 - Always active 1 - Active in case of inverter is running	0	0
b30	Display code setting	1~13	1	0
b31	2 <sup>nd</sup> communication channel 485 communication speed setting	1 - 2400 [bps] 2 - 4800 [bps] 3 - 9600 [bps] 4 - 19200 [bps] 5 - 38400 [bps]	3	0

Func- code	Name	Range	Defaults	Runtime edit
BRD	(Dynamic braking) Functi	ion		
b32	BRD selection	0 - Disable 1 - Enable only during inverter running 2 - Enable	1	Х
b33	BRD using ratio	0~50 [%] (5.5kW~22kW)	10%	Х
Overv	voltage Suppression (OVS	S) Function		1
b34	Maximum OVS output frequency	0.00~300.00 [Hz]	20.00Hz	0
b35	OVS P gain	0~100.00 [%]	10.00%	0
b36	OVS I gain	0~100.00 [%]	1.00%	0
b37	OVS D gain	0~100.00 [%]	1.00%	0
b38	Q axis reference	-100.0~100.0	0	0
b39	Filter bandwidth	0~1000	1	0
b40	Overvoltage suppression	0 - Disable 1 - Enable for current 2 - Enable for voltage	0	0
b41	Limit Time	0.0~100.0 [sec]	0.5 sec	0
DC In	jection Braking			l l
b42	VFD start delay time after DC Injection braking	0.0~60.0 [sec]	0.0 sec	Х
b43	DC Injection braking time at start	0.0~6000.0[sec]	0.0 sec	0
b44	Current controller P gain in DC braking	0~100.00 [%]	5.00%	0
b45	Current controller I Gain time in DC braking	0~100.00 [%]	5.00%	0
b46	DC Injection braking force	0.0~100.0[%] of inverter rated current	50.0%	0
Overl	oad Restriction			
b49	Overload restriction level at acceleration & deceleration		HD:180% ND:150%	0

Func- code	Name	Range	Defaults	Runtime edit
Droo	Control function			
b50	Droop control start freq.	0.00 ~ Max. frequency (A04) [Hz]	0.00Hz	0
b51	Droop control standard freq.	10.00 ~ Max. frequency (A04) [Hz]	60.00Hz	0
b52	Droop control gain	0.00~50.00 [%]	5.00%	0
b53	Droop star torque	0.0~100.0 [%]	0.0%	0
b54	Droop acceleration time	1.0~100.0 [sec]	20sec	0
b55	Droop control mode	0 - Disable 1 - Enable	0	0
Moto	r Load Detection Function	1		
b56	Motor load detection selection	0 - Disable 1 - Overload detection 2 - Underload detection 3 - Overload/Underload detection 4 - Overload detection with fault (E23) 5 - Underload detection with fault (E24) 6 - Overload/Underload detection with fault (E23, E24)	0	X
b57	Motor overload detection level	20.0~200.0 [%] of motor rated current	100.0%	X
b58	Motor underload detection level	20.0~200.0 [%] of motor rated current	100.0%	X
b59	Overload/Underload detection time	0.0~60.0 [sec]	10.0sec	X
b60	Overload/Underload detection safe zone	0.00 ~ Max. frequency (A04) [Hz]	0.00Hz	X
Dwell	Function			
b61	Dwell frequency at start	0.00 ~ Max. frequency (A04) [Hz]	0.00Hz	0
b62	Dwell time at start	0.0~10.0 [sec]	0.0sec	0
b63	Dwell frequency at stop	0.00 ~ Max. frequency (A04) [Hz]	0.00Hz	0
b64	Dwell time at stop	0.0~10.0 [sec]	0.0sec	0

# 09122073375 tajhizautomation.com 09124514388 iMaster-C1 MANUAL

Func- code	Name	Range	Defaults	Runtime edit	
KEB I	Function				
b65	KEB control selection	0 - Disable 1 - Enable	0	Х	
b66	KEB control gain	0.1~100.0[%]	10.0%	Х	
Overd	current Restriction				
b67	Overcurrent selection	0 - Disable 1 - Enable	1	Х	
b68	Overcurrent time at running	0.0~60.0 [sec]	0.0sec	0	
b69	Stop frequency setting	0.00 ~ Max. frequency (A04) [Hz]	0.00Hz	0	
b70	Overcurrent time at stop	0.0~60.0 [sec]	0.0sec	0	
Displa	ay Function	-			
b71	Unser parameter setting	1 - Output frequency monitor 2 - Output current monitor 3 - Output voltage monitor 4 - Rotation direction monitor 5 - PID feedback monitor 6 - Intelligent terminal input monitor 7 - Intelligent terminal output monitor 8 - RPM monitor 9 - Power consumption monitor 10 - Display of cumulative time (day) 11 - Display of cumulative time (minute) 12 - DC link voltage	1	0	
b72	User mathematical sign	0 - '+' calculation 1 - '-' calculation 2 - 'X' calculation 3 - '/' calculation	0	0	
b73	Define user setting	0.01~600.00	1.00	0	

# 5.6 Extended function C mode (C group)

Table 5-6 Extended function C mode (C group)

Func-		e Exterided function C mode (C group)		Runtime
code	Name	Range	Defaults	edit
입력단	단자 기능			
C01	Intelligent input terminal 1 setting	0 - FW (Forward run command) 1 - RV (Reverse run command) 2 - CF1 (1st multi speed command) 3 - CF2 (2nd multi speed command) 4 - CF3 (3rd multi speed command) 5 - CF4 (4th multi speed command)	0	X
C02	Intelligent input terminal 2 setting	6 - JG (Jogging operation command) 8 - 2CH (2 stage accel/decel command) 9 - FRS (Free run stop command) 10 - EXT (External trip) 11 - USP (Unattended Start Protection)	1	Х
C03	Intelligent input terminal 3 setting	12 - SFT (Software lock) 13 - AT (Analog input current/voltage selection signal) 14 - RS (Reset) 15 - STA (Start)	2	Х
C04	Intelligent input terminal 4 setting	16 - STP (Keep) 17 - F/R (Forward/Reverse) 18 - UP (Remote control UP) 19 - DOWN (Remote control DOWN) 20 - O/R (Local keypad operation) 21 - T/R (Local terminal input operation)	3	Х
C05	Intelligent input terminal 5 setting	22 - PIDIR (PID Integral reset) 23 - PIDD (PID Disable) 24 - Add A11 to setting frequency 25 - Cancel add A11 26 - External alarm 2	13	Х
C06	Intelligent input terminal 6 setting	27 - External alarm 3 28 - External alarm 4 29 - External alarm 5 30 - External alarm 6 31 - Up/Down Value Clear	14	Х

Func- code	Name	Range	Defaults	Runtime edit
Input	Terminal Status			
C07	Input terminal 1 a/b contact setting (NO/NC)		0	х
C08	Input terminal 2 a/b contact setting (NO/NC)		0	X
C09	Input terminal 3 a/b contact setting (NO/NC)	0 - a contact (Normal open) [NO]	0	Х
C10	Input terminal 4 a/b contact setting (NO/NC)	1 - b contact (Normal close) [NC]	0	×
C11	Input terminal 5 a/b contact setting (NO/NC)		0	×
C12	Input terminal 6 a/b contact setting (NO/NC)		0	×
Outp	ut Terminal and Related	Function		
C13	Replay output(30A/30B/30C) terminal setting	0 - RUN (Run signal) 1 - FA1 (Frequency command arrival) 2 - FA2 (Setting frequency or more)	5	X
C14	Open collector output (11-CM2) terminal setting	3 - OL (Overload advance notice) 4 - OD (Output deviation for PID) 5 - AL (Alarm signal) 6 - MO (Modbus communication)	1	Х
C15	Open collector output (12-CM2) terminal setting	5 - MO (Modbus communication) 7 - SOL (System Overload) 8 - SUL (System Underload) 9 - SOL/SUL (System Overload/Underload detection) 10 - Al Loss 11 - Keypad alarm 12 - Control external braking	0	Х
C16	Output terminal 11 - CM2 a/b contact setting	0 - a contact (Normal open) [NO]	0	X
C17	Output terminal 12 - CM2 a/b contact setting	1 - b contact (Normal close) [NC]	0	Χ
C18	FM output selection	0 - Output frequency monitor 1 - Output current monitor 2 - Output voltage monitor 3 - Output electric power monitor 4 - Output torque monitor 5 - Control by Modbus communication 6 - DC voltage	0	Х
C19	FM gain adjustment	0~250.0 [%]	100.0%	0
C20	FM offset adjustment	-3.0~10.0 [%]	0.0%	0

Func- code	Name	Range	Defaults	Runtime edit
C21	Overload advance notice signal level setting	10.0~200.0 [%] of rated current	100.0%	×
C22	Acceleration arrival signal frequency setting	0.00~Max. frequency (A04) [Hz]	0.00Hz	х
C23	Deceleration arrival signal frequency setting	0.00~Max. frequency (A04) [Hz]	0.00Hz	Х
C24	PID deviation level setting	0.0~100.0 [%]	10.0%	Х
C25	AMI output selection	0 - Output frequency monitor 1 - Output current monitor 2 - Output voltage monitor 3 - Output electric power monitor 4 - Output torque monitor 5 - Control by Modbus communication 6 - DC voltage	1	Х
C26	AMI gain adjustment	0 ~ 250.0%	100.0%	0
C27	AMI offset adjustment	-99.9 ~ 100.0%	0.0%	0
Up/D	own Function			
C28	UP/Down value saving selection	0 - Disable 1 - Enable	0	Х
C29	Up/Down initial value setting	0 ~ Max. frequency [A04]	0	0
C30	Up/Down Acc/decel time setting	0.1~3000.0[sec]	10.0sec	0
C31	Up/Down function selection	0 - Disable 1 - Enable	0	Х
C32	Up/Down value setting	0.00~400.00[%]	0	0
Keypa	ad/Communication fault			
C33	Decel time at fault occur	0.0~6000.0[sec]	10.0sec	0
C34	Selection of running state when keypad connection failed	0 - Run 1 - Stop	0	х
C35	Selection of keypad detection	0 - Disable 1 - Abnormal move detection 2 - Detect keypad fault and occur E61 3 - Detect abnormal move and occur E61	0	0

# 09122073375 tajhizautomation.com 09124514388 iMaster-C1 MANUAL

Func- code	Name	Range	Defaults	Runtime edit	
C36	Selection of communication or analog speed command failure detection	(Lose than 50% of A07)	0	0	
C37	Selection of run command when speed losing	0 - Disable 1 - Free run stop (Output block) 2 - Stop 3 - Run by C38 frequency	0	0	
C38	Waiting time in case of frequency command loss	0.0~120.0[sec]	1.0sec	0	
C39	Frequency setting in case of analog command loss	0.00 ~ Max. frequency [A04]	30.00Hz	0	
Overl	oad Caution Time				
C40	Overload caution time	Detection time of overload advance notice signal level (C21) 0.0~30.0[sec]	10.0sec	0	
Exter	nal Brake Function				
C41	Current of external brake	0.0~200.0 [%] of rated current	100.0%	0	
C42	Frequency of external brake	0.00 ~ 25.00[Hz]	10.00Hz	0	
C43	Timer of external brake	0.0 ~ 5.0[sec]	1.0sec	0	
C44	Stop frequency of external brake	0.00 ~ 25.00[Hz]	10.00Hz	0	
C45	Stop timer of external brake	0.0 ~ 5.0[sec]	1.0sec	0	

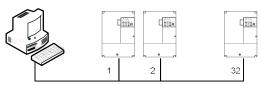
# 5.7 Motor (H group)

Table 5-7 Motor setting (H group)

Func-	Name	Runtime	Range	Default
code	Ivaille	edit	nailge	Delault
H01	Auto-tuning mode selection	X	0 - Auto-tuning OFF 1 - Auto-tuning ON	0
H02	Motor data selection	X	0 - Standard motor data 1 - Use auto-tuning data	0
H03	Motor capacity	X	0 - MOT_004LF	-
H04	Motor poles setting	Х	2~48[P]	4
H05	Motor rated current	Х	Range is 0.1 - 800.0 [A]	-
H06	Motor no-load current (lo)	Х	Range is 0.1 - 400.0 [A]	-
H07	Motor rated slip	Х	Range is 0.01 - 20.0 [Hz]	-
H08	Motor Resistance R1	X	Range is 0.1 - 3000.00 [mΩ]	-
H09	Transient Inductance	Х	Range is 0.001 - 30.000 [mH]	-
H10	Motor ResistanceR1	Х	Range is 0.1 - 3000.00 [mΩ]	-
H11	Transient Inductance auto tuning data	Х	Range is 0.001 - 30.000 [mH]	-
H12	State of Auto-tuning	0	0:AT_READY 1:AT_RSTUNE 2:AT_LSIGMATUNE 3:AT_TRTUNE 4:AT_LSTUNE 5:AT_ENDING 6:AT_ENDAT	0

### 6. COMMUNICATION

iMaster C1 offers two communication interfaces between the inverter and external controller through RS485. Use RJ-45 modular connector and RXP, PXN as second way. By communication, the main controller (iMaster C1) can control 1~32 pcs controllers as slave.



RS 485 Serial Network

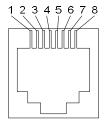
Figure 6-1 RS485 Serial Communication Network

#### RS485 Communication specification

Item	Description	Remark
Interface	RS485	
Communication method	Half duplex	
Communication speed	9600 (1 <sup>st</sup> RJ-45) 2400~38400 (2 <sup>nd</sup> terminal)	Fixing Changeable setting(b31)
Communication code	Binary code	
Date bit	8	Fixing
Parity	No	Fixing
Stop bit	1	Fixing
Staring method	External request	Inverter is only slave part
Wait time	10~1000ms	
Connection type	1: N (Max 32) (Note1)	
Error check	Frame/CRC/CMD/MAXREQ/Parameter	Communication number is selected at b17

(Note 1) Depending on the installation environment, there is a high probability of communication malfunction due to wiring type, wiring method, and other noise. For reliable communication, we recommend fewer than 16 connections.

### ■ RJ45 specification (1st Communication)



Pin No.	Signal Descriptions
1	
2	
3	RS - 485+
4	
5	
6	RS - 485-
7	24V
8	24V GND

### ■ Terminal specification (2<sup>nd</sup> communication)

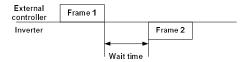
Name	Description
RXP	RS485 (+)
RXN	RS485 (-)

#### ■ RS485 related code

Func- code	Range	Default	Setting
b17	1 ~ 32	1	Setting communication number
b31	1 - 2400 [bps] 2 - 4800 [bps] 3 - 9600 [bps] 4 - 19200 [bps] 5 - 38400 [bps]	3	Setting 485 and 2 <sup>nd</sup> communication speed
A01	0 - Keypad potentiometer 1 - Control input terminal 2 - Standard operator 3 - Remote (1st communication RJ45) 4 - Remote (2nd communication Terminal) 5 - Option 6 - Potentiometer and remote	1	
A02	0 - Keypad potentiometer 1 - Control input terminal 2 - Remote (1 <sup>st</sup> communication RJ45) 3 - Remote 2 <sup>nd</sup> communication Terminal) 4 - Fieldbus (option)	1	

#### ■ Communication sequence

The communication sequence is as follows.



Frame start: Frame start is recognized by signal line data transmitted.

Frame completion: Frame completion is recognized by no data during correspond 4, 5-character time.

Frame 1: Transmit from external controller to inverter.

Frame 2: Indication reflects from inverter to external controller

#### Communication frame type and form

#### External controller transmit frame

Communication	Command	Parameter	Parameter	CRC Hi	CRC Lo
number	Command	raiailletei	count	ChC HI	CHC LO

	Description	Data size	Specifications
Communication number	Inverter communication number	1 byte	1~32
Command	Frame type	1 byte	0x03
Parameter	Parameter	2 bytes	1 <sup>st</sup> byte: Group 2 <sup>nd</sup> byte: Index
Parameter count	Request parameter number(count)	2 bytes	1 <sup>st</sup> byte: 0x00 2 <sup>nd</sup> byte: N(0x01~0x08)
CRC Hi	-	1 byte	Higher 8bit of 16bit CRC
CRC Lo	-	1 byte	Lower 8bit of 16bit CRC

#### Inverter response frame

Communication	Caramand	Byte	Data 1		Data N	CRC Hi	CRC
number	Command	Number	Data 1	• • • •	Data N	CHC HI	Lo

	Description	Data size	Specifications
Communication number	Inverter communication number	1 byte	1~32
Command	Frame type	1 byte	0x03
Byte Number	Data Byte Number	1 byte	Request parameter * 2
Data 1	Parameter 1	2 bytes	Parameter value
Data N	Parameter N	2 bytes	Nth parameter value
CRC Hi	-	1 byte	Higher 8bit of 16bit CRC
CRC Lo	-	1 byte	Lower 8bit of 16bit CRC

<sup>★</sup> Frame Size = 5 + Request parameter number x 2

#### Parameter frame type and form

Set 1 parameter and command to inverter.

#### External transmit frame

Communication number	Command	Parameter	Data	CRC Hi	CRC Lo
-------------------------	---------	-----------	------	--------	--------

	Description	Data size	Specifications
Communication number	Target inverter communication number	1 byte	1~32
Command	Frame type	1 byte	0x06
Parameter	Parameter	2 bytes	1 <sup>st</sup> byte: Group 2 <sup>nd</sup> byte: Index (Note1)
Data	Data	2 bytes	Setting value (Note 2)
CRC Hi	-	1 byte	Higher 8bit of 16bit CRC
CRC Lo	-	1 byte	Lower 8bit of 16bit CRC

#### Inverter response frame

Communication number	Command	Parameter	Data	CRC Hi	CRC Lo
Hullibel					

	Description	Data size	Specifications
Communication number	Target inverter communication number	1 byte	1~32
Command	Frame type	1 byte	0x06
Parameter	Parameter	2 bytes	1 <sup>st</sup> byte: Group 2 <sup>nd</sup> byte: Index (Note1)
Data	Data	2 bytes	Setting value (Note 3)
CRC Hi	-	1 byte	Higher 8bit of 16bit CRC
CRC Lo	-	1 byte	Lower 8bit of 16bit CRC

#### (Note 1) Parameter setting

#### 1) Basic parameter

Set each group to 1<sup>st</sup> byte and set the parameter number to 2<sup>nd</sup> byte. For example, A60 parameter reading or writing, set 0x03 to 1<sup>st</sup> byte and 0x3C to 2<sup>nd</sup> byte.

1 <sup>s</sup>	t byte	2 <sup>nd</sup> byte
Group	Set	
d	0x01	
F	0x02	Parameter
Α	0x03	number
В	0x04	
С	0x05	
Н	0x06	

Trip information is 4 parameters. (output frequency, output current, DC link voltage at trip occurs)

	Trip information (d13)	Previous first trip (d14)	Previous second trip (d15)	Previous third trip (d16)	Trip count (d17)
1 <sup>st</sup> byte	0x01	0×01	0x01	0x01	0x01
2 <sup>nd</sup> byte	0x0D	0x11	0x15	0x19	0x1D

#### ★ Trip information data

Trip data	Description	Trip data	Description
1	Over current trip	19	OVS fail
2	Over voltage trip	20	HW power trip 1
3	Under voltage trip	21	HW power trip 2
4	Arm short trip	22	External trip 2
5	Reserved	23	External trip 3
6	Inverter over heat	24	External trip 4
7	Electric thermal trip	25	External trip 5
8	External trip	26	External trip 6
9	EEPROM error	27	Fan trip
10	Communication error	28	Option trip (Profibus)
11	USP trip	29	Option trip (DeviceNet)
12	Ground Fault trip (Over 30kW)	30	System overload trip
15	Input phase loss	31	System underload trip
14	IOLT	32	Keypad communication trip
16	Communication error		
17	Safety function		
18	Braking resistor overload		

### iMaster-C1 MANUAL

#### (Note 2) Data value setting

Data value is transmitted except decimal point. (Please contact to ADT for more details)

Description	Related code	Scale	Remark
Frequency	d01, F01 etc.	0.01	Communication date 6000 Conversion hexadecimal 60 [Hz]
Acc/decel time	F02, F03 etc.	0.1	Communication data 100 Conversion hexadecimal 10 [sec]
Current	d02 etc.	0.1	Communication data 100 Conversion hexadecimal 10[A]

#### (주3) Special parameter

1) Run command

Parameter frame: 0x0002

Setting data: Forward (0x0001), Reverse (0x0002), Reset (0x0004), Stop (0x0000)

#### 예) Forward run command frame

Description	Comm.no.	Command	Parameter	Data	CRC
Data	0x01	0x06	0x0002	0x0001	0xe9ca

#### 2) Frequency command

Parameter frame: 0x0004

Setting data: Hexadecimal of (Output frequency command \* 100)

#### 예) Frequency command (60Hz) frame

Description	Comm.no.	Command	Parameter	Data	CRC
Data	0x01	0x06	0x0004	0x1770	0xc61f

Data additional explanation: 60Hz → 6000(Scale) → 0x1770

#### (Reference) 16bit CRC generation

The step of CRC generation is as follows:

- 1) All of 16-bit Parameter is 1.0xffff
- 2) The exclusive OR of 16-bit Parameter and 8-bit Parameter.
- 3) Shift right side 1bit 16-bit Parameter
- 4) If the result of step 3 is 1, exclusive OR 16-bit Parameter and 0xa001.
- 5) Execute 8 times step 3 and step 4.
- 6) Execute step 2~6 until data completion.
- 7) Exchange the step 6 result of higher 8bit and lower 8bit.

#### Example) The case of d01 output frequency reading

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6
Communication	Command	Parameter		Paramete	r Number
number					
0x01	0x03	0x01	0x01	0x00	0x01

#### The sequence of addition Byte (01x01)

16-BIT REGISTER	MSB				Flag
(Exclusive OR)	1111	1111	1111	1111	
01	0000	0001			
	1111	1111	1111	1110	
Shift 1	0111	1111	1111	1111	
Shift 2	0011	1111	1111	1111	1
Polynomial(0xa001)	1010	0000	0000	0001	
	1001	1111	1111	1110	
Shift 3	0100	1111	1111	1111	
Shift 4	0010	0111	1111	1111	1
Polynomial(0xa001)	1010	0000	0000	0001	
	1000	0111	1111	1110	
Shift 5	0100	0011	1111	1111	
Shift 6	0010	0001	1111	1111	1
Polynomial(0xa001)	1010	0000	0000	0001	
	1000	0001	1111	1110	
Shift 7	0100	0000	1111	1111	
Shift 8	0010	0000	0111	1111	1
Polynomial(0xa001)	1010	0000	0000	0001	
	1000	0000	0111	1110	

Byte 1~6	CRC of operation results
0x01	0x807e
0x03	0x3364
0x01	0x30e1
0x01	0x8831
0x00	0xd449
0x01	0x36d4

Change upper and lower 8 bit of result 0x36d4: 0xd436

Byte7: Upper 8 bit of CRC = 0xd4 Byte8: Lower 8 bit of CRC = 0x36

### 7. PROTECTIVE FUNCTION

The various functions are provided for the protection of the inverter itself. When the protective function is occurred, motor is stopped as free-run and stay the trip once user reset the inverter.

Name	Cause(s)	Error code
Overcurrent protection	When the inverter output current exceeds the rated current during the motor locked or reduced in speed.  Protection circuit activates, halting inverter output.	E04
Overload protection	When the inverter output current causes the motor to overload, the electronic thermal trip in the inverter cuts off the inverter output.	E05
Overvoltage protection	If regenerative energy from the motor or the main power supply voltage is high, the protective circuit activates to cut off the inverter output when the voltage of DC link exceeds the specification	E07
Communication error	Communication error between inverter and its operator.  If the Reset signal persists for more than 4 seconds, it will occur.	E60
Under-voltage protection	When input voltage drops below the low-voltage detection level, the control circuit does not function normally. It will cause of overheat of motor and lack of torque that is why if receiving voltage is under 150~160V (200V class) or 300~320V (400V class), the inverter output is cut off.	E09
Output short-circuit	The inverter output was short-circuited. This condition causes excessive current for the inverter that is why, the inverter output is turned off.	E04 or E34
USP error	The USP error is indicated when the power is turned on with the Inverter in RUN state. (Enabled when the USP function selected)	E13
EEPROM	The inverter output is cut off when EEPROM in the inverter has an error due to external noise, excessive temperature rise, or other factors. If the error is occurred, please check setting data again. If error is occurred when power-on and does not off, please turn off the inverter at least 10minutes and power on again.	E08
External trip	When the external equipment or unit has an error, the inverter receives the corresponding signal and cuts off the output.	E12
Temperature trip	When the temperature in the main circuit increases due to cooling fan stop, the inverter output is cut off.	E21
Ground fault	When ground fault is detected on running condition, the output is cut off.	E14
Inverter overload	The power device IGBT is protected from over heat. The operating time of inverter is 1 minute with 150% load of HD or 120% load of ND. The operating time is changed depending on carrier frequency, load, ambient temperature and power rating.	E17
Input phase loss	A function that detects phase loss in the input AC source to prevent damages.	E20
Braking resistor overload protection	When BRD exceeds the usage ratio of the regenerative braking resistor, the over-voltage circuit activates and the inverter output is switched off.	E06

# 09122073375 tajhizautomation.com 09124514388 iMaster-C1 MANUAL

Name	Cause(s)	Error code
OVS fail	The OVS output frequency is higher than maximum OVS output frequency during the setting time when the OVS function is enabled.	E02
CPU error	It occurred it has error between inverter logic board and I/O board or communication error occurred. Turn off inverter completely, check there is any connection losses then power on.	E11
System overload detection fault	The output current of the drive is greater than the detection level set for this feature when it is enabled.	E23
System underload detection fault	The output current of the drive is less than the detection level set for this feature when it is enabled.	E24
FAN fault	The Fan fault is occurred, inverter output is cut off.	E33
Profibus fault (Option)	ProfibusDP optional card only. Host disconnection, or invalid host setting cause this error.	E40
DeviceNet fault (Option)	DeviceNet optional card only. Communication cable power loss, disconnect to host, or invalid host setting cause this error.	E41
HW Power fault 1	It occurred when inverter internal power is problem. Turn off power completely and try power on again.	E50
HW Power fault 2	It occurred when inverter internal power is problem. Turn off power completely and try power on again.	E51
Keypad fault	It occurred keypad communication error. Turn off power completely and try power on again.	E61
External trip 2	When the external equipment or unit has an error, the inverter receives the corresponding signal and cuts off the output. (Need setting for intelligent input terminal)	EE2
External trip 3	When the external equipment or unit has an error, the inverter receives the corresponding signal and cuts off the output. (Need setting for intelligent input terminal)	EE3
External trip 4	When the external equipment or unit has an error, the inverter receives the corresponding signal and cuts off the output. (Need setting for intelligent input terminal)	EE4
External trip 5	When the external equipment or unit has an error, the inverter receives the corresponding signal and cuts off the output. (Need setting for intelligent input terminal)	EE5
External trip 6	When the external equipment or unit has an error, the inverter receives the corresponding signal and cuts off the output. (Need setting for intelligent input terminal)	EE6

### Other display

Contents	Display
It is displayed when initialization of data is processing (It is not displayed when initialization of history is processing.)	  b   12
There is no data available (Trip history, PID feedback data)	
The auto-tuning operation terminates normally	RE01 RE02

## 8. TROUBLESHOOTING TIPS

Symptom		Probable Cause	Countermeasure	
	The inverter outputs U, V and W are not supplying voltage	Is the frequency command source A01 parameter setting correct?     Is the Run command sourceA02 parameter setting correct?	Make sure the parameter A01 setting correct? Make sure the parameter A02 setting correct?	
		•ls power being supplied to terminals R, S and T? If so, the power lamp should be on.	Check terminals R, S and T then U, V, and W.  Turn on the power supply/	
		•Is there an error code E□□displayed?	Press the Func key and determine the error types. Then clear the error (Reset).	
The motor will not move		Are the signals to the intelligent input terminals correct? Is the Run Command active? Is the [FW] terminal (or [RV]connected to CM1 (via switch, etc.)	Verify the terminal functions for C01-C06 are correct.  Turn on Run Command  Supply 24V to [FW] or [RV] terminal, if configured.  (Terminal mode selection)	
		*Has the frequency setting for F01 been set greater than zero?     *Are the control circuit terminals     H, O, and L connected to the potentiometer?	Set the parameter for F01to a safe, non-zero value. If the potentiometer is the frequency setting source, verify voltage at "O" > 0V	
		•Is the RS(reset) function or FRS (free-run stop) function on?	• Turn off the command(s)	
	Inverter outputs U, V, W are supplying voltage	•Is the motor load too heavy? •Is the motor locked?	•Reduce load, and test the motor independently.	
	Are the connections of output terminal U, V, and W correct?     Is the phase sequence of the motor forward or reverse with respect to U, V, and W?		•Make connections according to the phase sequence of the motor. In general: FWD=U-V-W REV=U-W-V	
		<ul><li>Are the control terminals</li><li>[FW] and [RV]wired correctly?</li><li>Is parameter F04 properly set?</li></ul>	Use terminal [FW] for [RV] is reverse.	
The	matar an and-	If using the analog input, is the current or voltage at "O" or "OI"?	•Change the wiring	
The motor speeds will not reach the target frequency		• Is the load too heavy?	•Reduce the load. •Heavy loads activate the overload restriction feature.	

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Symptom		Probable Cause	Countermeasure	
The rotation is unstable		Is the load fluctuation too great?     Is the supply voltage unstable?     Is the problem occurring at a particular frequency?	Increase the motor capacity (both inverter and motor) Fix power supply problem. Change the output frequency slightly, or use the jump frequency setting to skip the problem frequency.	
The RPM of the motor does not match the inverter output frequency setting		•Is the maximum frequency setting A04 correct?	Verify the V/F settings match motor specifications  Make sure all scaling is properly set	
Inverter data is	No down- Load shave occurred	Was power turned off after a parameter edit but before pressing the store key?	•Edit the data and press the store key once	
not correct		Edits to data are permanently stored at power down.  Was the time from power off to power on less than six seconds?	•Wait six seconds or more before turning power off after edit data.	
A parameter is not change	The frequency setting will not change. Run/Stop does not operate	*Was the standard operator mode and terminal mode changed correctly?	•Make sure the setting mode of [A01], [A02] (Refer to 5-4)	
	Parameter is not change	•Is the SFT setting selected? SFT (b09 -2,3) selected?	•Turn off SFT function and check the b09 parameter. (b09=0)	

#### 9. MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

Regularly perform maintenance and inspection. Failure to carry out regular maintenance checks will result in failure in some cases.

- DANGER
- Wait at least ten (10) minutes after turning off the input power supply before performing maintenance of an inspection.
  - Otherwise, there is the danger of electric shock.
- · Make sure that only qualified personnel will perform maintenance, inspection, and part replacement. (Before starting to work, remove any metallic objects wristwatch. bracelet, etc.)

Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or injury.

#### 9.1 General precautions and notes

Always keep the unit clean so that dust of other foreign matter does not enter the inverter. Firmly connect terminals and connectors.

Keep electronic equipment away from moisture and oil. Dust, steel filings and other foreign matter can damage insulation, causing unexpected accidents, so take special care.

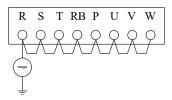
When removing connectors, never pull the wires (wires for the cooling fan and logic P.C. board.)

Otherwise, there is danger of fire due to wire breakage and/or injury

#### 9.2 Inspection items

- (1) Daily inspection
- (2) Periodic inspection (approximately once a year)
- (3) Insulation resistance test (approximately once two years)

Conduct the insulation resistance test by short circuiting the terminals as shown below.



 Measure the above terminals and ground clearance with a 500 V mega tester and check if it is more than 5 MΩ.

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We recommend that you stock spare parts to reduce down time, which include

### Recommend spare parts for stocks

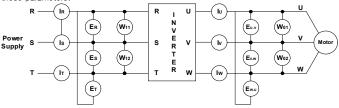
Parts	Symbol	Quantity		Note	
railo	Syllibol	Used	Spare	Note	
Cooling Fan	FAN	1~2	1~2	Depends on power range 1EA: 055LF/075LFP~075LF/110LFP 055HF/075HFP~075HF/110HFP 2EA: 110LF/150LFP~150LF/185LFP 110HF/150HFP~220HF/300HFP	
Case	-	1	1	Front case Main case Bottom case	

#### 9.2 Inverter electrical measurements

Magguramant

The following table specifies how to measure key system electrical parameters.

The diagrams on the next page show inverter-motor systems the location of measurement points for these parameters.



Parameter	location	Measuring instrument	Notes	Reference value	
Supply voltage E1	R-S, S-T, T-R (ER) (ES) (RT)	Moving-coil type voltmeter     type voltmeter     type voltmeter	Fundamental wave effective value	supply voltage (200V class) 200-220V 50Hz 200-240V 60Hz	
Supply current I1	RST current (IR) (IS) (IT)	≸Moving-coil type ammeter	Total effective value		
Supply power W1	R-S, S-T (W11) + (W12)	Electronic type wattmeter	Total effective value	2wattmeter method	
Supply power factor Pf1	Calculate the output power factor from the output voltage E1, output current I1, and output power W1. $P_{f1} = \frac{W_1}{\sqrt{3} \times E_1 \times I_1} \times 100(\%)$				
Output voltage E0	U-V, V-W, W-U (EU) (EV) (EW)	*Rectifier type voltmeter	Total effective value		
Output current 10	U, V, W current (IU) (IV) (IW)	<sup>≮</sup> Moving-coil type ammeter	Total effective value		
Output power W0	U-V, V-W (W01) + (W02)	Electronic type wattmeter	Total effective value	2wattmeter method	
Output power factor Pf0	Calculate the output power factor from the output voltage E0, output current I0, and output power W0. $P_{f0} = \frac{W_0}{\sqrt{3} \times E_0 \times I_0} \times 100 (\%)$				

Use a meter indicating a fundamental wave effective value for voltage, and meters indicating total effective values for current and power.

The inverter output has a PWM waveform, and low frequencies may cause erroneous readings. However, the measuring instruments and methods listed above provide comparably accurate results.

A general-purpose digital volt meter (DVM) is not usually suitable to measure a PWM waveform.

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		of issue	
1	First edition	19. 06	ADT-C1-01-K201906(T)